THE

Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,370—New Series, BOMBAY:—MONDAY, JUNE 26, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1st July	HIMALAYA a	6898	...	...
8th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
15th "	ARABIA	7933	...	...
22nd "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
29th "	EGYPT	7912	...	...
5th Aug	SALSETTE	6000	INDIA	7911
12th "	PERSIA	7951	...	...
19th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
26th "	CALEDONIA	7553	...	...
2nd Sept	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
9th "	OCEANA	6610	...	...
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
23rd "	ARABIA	7933	...	...
30th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
7th Octr	EGYPT	7912	...	...
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
21st "	PERSIA	7951	...	...
28th "	MANTUA b	10885	CHINA	7932

All the above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

a This Steamer will call at BRINDISI.

b The "MANTUA" proceeds direct to LONDON via MALTA and passengers for MARSEILLES tranship at PORTSAID to the "CHINA."

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA :	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON :	GRINDLAY & Co.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. Balduino.	4,580	D. Maganzine	15th July 1911
R. Rubattino.	4,580	L. Manchini	15th Aug. 1911
D. Balduino,	4,580	D. Maganzine	15th Sept. 1911

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Singl Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

*Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa, 1st Class, Rs. 740; Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th July 1911
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th Aug. 1911
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Sept. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ...... to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 210.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Kola	1205	Thurs.	29th June	9 a.m.	direct.
Linga	2185	Fri.	30th June	6 a.m.†	direct,

† Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kola," 1205 tons, on Thursday, 29th June calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Waroonga," 2513 tons, sailing on Wednesday 28th June, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Palamcotta," 3413 tons, sailing on or about Thursday 13th July, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Landaura," 3308 tons, sailing on or about 1st July.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, Bombay,

26th June, 1911.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—
ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	11th July 1911.
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	8th Aug. "
Elysia	6368	W. Robertson	21st " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	8th Sept. "
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	23rd " "
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	9th Oct. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	4th Nov. "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	18th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	4th Dec. "
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	20th " "
Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	3rd Jan. 1912
Scindia	5106	W. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	7th Feb. 1912

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay about.
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	26th Feb. 1912
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	9th Mar. "
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	24th " "
Circassia	6716	C.F. Osborne R.N.R.	8th Apr. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	4th May "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	17th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	3rd June "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 808	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay

For any further information regarding passage apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES, FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Sydney	4,118	Sellier	6th July 1911.
Salazie	4,147	Riquier	3rd Aug. 1911.
Ville de la Ciotat	6,378	Eschenauer	31st Aug. 1911.
Australien	6,365	Mouton	28th Sept. 1911.
Nera	5,538	Casanova	26th Oct. 1911.
Yarra	4,142	...	21st Dec. 1911.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiaca's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Australien	6,365	Mouton	14th July.
Nera	5,538	Casanova	11th Aug.

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Building Hornby Road, Agent.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

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11 Gold Medals awarded.
Number of inventions patented

HARICHAND MANCHARAM & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF FIRE, FALL & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES, LOCKS AND STRONG ROOMS.

OURS is the OLDEST FIRM in India of its kind.

Fireproof composition under the Supervision of the famous scientist, Prof. T. K. Gajjar, M. A., B. Sc., F. C. S.

The inspection of our wares is respectfully invited

HEAD OFFICE AND SHOWROOM:—
HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS
BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.
Capital paid up..................Gold $ 3,250,000,000
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits..................Gold $ 3,460,398,39
LONDON OFFICE: 36, Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay.
Calcutta.
Singapore.
Hongkong.
Canton.
Manila.
Cebu.
Shanghai.
Hankow.
Peking.
Yokohama.
Kobe.
San Francisco.
Washington.
Mexico.
Panama.
Colon.
Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL........ £ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND........... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,
Bombay,
Madras,
Karachi,
Lahore
Amritsar,
Delhi,
Cawnpore
Tuticorin,
Cochin,
Chittagong,
Rangoon,
Mandalay,
Colombo,
Kandy
Newara-Eliya.
Aden (Camp.)
Aden, (Steamer Point)
Zanzibar,
Mombasa,
Nairobi,
Nakuru,
Kisumu,
Jinja,
Kampala,
Entebbe.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. W. J. K. HEGARTY
BOMBAY, Acting Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... " 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS... ... " 16,850,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien
Bombay
Changchun
Dairen (Dalny)
Hankow
Hongkong
Honolulu
Kobe
Liaoyang
London
Lyons
Fengtien (Mukden)
Nagasaki
Newchwang
New York
Osaka
Peking
Ryojun (Port Arthur)
San Francisco
Shanghai
Tiehling
Tientsin
Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

WATCHES OF HEREDITARY VALUE.

THE cases of our WATCHES are of the sturdy character which ensures great durability and the movements are thoroughly complete in mechanical finish and perfection.

Our Watches are of that quality and class which make any one of them the PURCHASE OF A LIFE-TIME. With periodical overhauling by a practical watchmaker once in every two or three years, the HIGHER QUALITIES can be relied upon to maintain that excellent condition which render it possible for them to be deservingly recognised and treated as articles of valuable possession and suitable for transmission by inheritance.

		Nickel.	Silver.	Gold,
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
The	"Popular" Keyless Lever Pocket Watch	15-8	25	100
"	"Campaign" Keyless Lever Watch	25	40	200
"	Waltham Lever Railway Guards' Watch	22-8	...	...
"	Military Pocket Lever with Compass	35	...	...
"	Impermeable Watch, perfectly water-tight	35	65	...
"	Military Model Wrist Watch with wristlet	32	45	160
"	"Ideal" Model Wrist Watch with strap attached	37-8	47-8	160
"	New Square Wrist Watch in two sizes	...	70	165
"	New Square Table or Pocket Watch	50	70	375
"	Automatic Keyless Lever Watch	40	60	200
"	Paper Weight Timepiece	55	...	...
"	Extra Flat Lever Dress Watch	...	40	200
"	Military Pocket Lever	...	45	...
"	"Coventry" English Lever	...	70	...
"	High-grade English Lever Watches	...	100	450
"	"Tell-Tale" Watchman's Watch	65	...	...
"	Travelling Tinker Goliath Watch in silver cases from	25	...	...
"	Chronograph only with Minute recorder	20	...	...
"	Double Chronograph only with minute recorder	55	65	...
"	Double Dial Chronograph-Watch dial one side chrono other	...	65	185
"	Watch Chronograph, start, stop and fly back action from	65	95	185
"	Calender Watch	24	65	320
"	Repeater Watch, repeats quarters and minutes	...	250	400

MARCKS & Co., LTD, WATCHMAKERS OF REPUTE. ESTABLISHED 1873.
BOMBAY & POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

"ATTENTION," "ATTENTION."

LARGE STOCK OF SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, TABLES AND EASY CHAIRS have now arrived.

An early visit requested for a pick of good and well-designed of these articles.

A TEMPERANCE COCKTAIL!

◆

The drink **YOU NEED** this Hot Weather is a "**VITALIA**" Cocktail

A Pleasant, Refreshing, Stimulating drink, containing the new Life Food "**VITALIA**."

Ask for it at

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE AN UNRIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.

DR. DE ROOS' WORLD-FAMED GUTTÆ VITÆ

Or, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency or the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s. or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 9d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 13½d. and 2s. 9d. per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON." impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. DE ROOS, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 64 Hand Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of the Agents for Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines.

ANOTHER 10,000 MILES

on one Dunlop cover. This time on a Taxi-cab, the hardest and most unfair wear that a tyre can have.

The Manager of Messrs. Wright and Jackson, Brook House Garage, Sefton Park, Liverpool, wrote on January 10th 1911, as follows :—

"We are sending you to-day one 815 × 105 Dunlop cover recently taken off one of our 14/16 horse power Belsize cars. Our reason for so doing is to express to you our satisfaction with the wear your tyres are giving us. This tyre has covered 10,000 miles, which in our opinion is in every way satisfactory, taking into consideration the various kinds of roads encountered in our class of work. The fact that the tyre has worn down to the last shred of canvas is ample proof of the superiority of the casing, considering that the cover ran throughout without a single burst."

DUNLOP

Tyers are made to wear.

MADRAS OFFICE ... ... 188 c, Mount Road,
BOMBAY OFFICE ... ... 3, Wallace Street.

150° 150°

"SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL.

SPECIALLY IMPORTED FROM AMERICA

Highest grade LAMP OIL
Rs. 6 per case ex-Godown.

Apply to—

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., LTD.,

GRAHAM'S BUILDING,
FORT, BOMBAY.

150° 150°

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS, Rs. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA, Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour, Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness, Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day, As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA

WARLI LABORATORY DADAR, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a BRANCH of this BANK has been OPENED at JINJA Uganda Protectorate.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Bombay, 23rd June, 1911.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

REDUCED PASSENGER FARES AND RATES FOR HORSES, CARRIAGES AND MOTOR CARS.

BETWEEN

BOMBAY AND DELHI.

WITH effect from the 1st September, 1911, the following will be the Passenger Fares and Rates for Horses, Carriages and Motor Cars, between Bombay and Delhi, and via :—

PASSENGER FARES.

SINGLE JOURNEY.	Rs. a.	RETURN JOURNEY.	Rs. a.
First Class ...	66 3	First Class ...	125 12
Second Class ...	33 2		
Third Class ...	8 12	Second Class ...	62 14

RATES FOR HORSES, CARRIAGES AND MOTOR CARS.

SINGLE JOURNEY.	Rs. a.	RETURN JOURNEY.	Rs. a.
First Horse ...	157 10	First Horse ...	151 7
Each additional horse	53 13	Each additional horse	80 12
One Carriage ...	161 7	One Carriage ...	242 3
Two Carriages loaded on one truck same owner.	242 3	One Motor Car....	363 4
One Motor Car ...	242 3		
Two Motor Cars on one truck same owner ...	376 11		

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.

Victoria Terminus,
Dated 24th June, 1911.

THE JAFERALI SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

(In Liquidation).

SALE OF MILL PREMISES, ENGINES, BOILERS, MACHINERY AND PLANT.

NOTICE is hereby given that the premises, engines, boilers, machinery and the property belonging to the above Company, which comprises 14,060 ring spindles and 5,472 mule spindles in all 19,532 spindles and 318 looms and preparatory machines, &c., relating thereto, will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION under the orders and directions of the District Court of Surat, in the District Court after 12 noon on the 28th and 29th June, 1911, the first salenot having been sanctioned by the Court.

The conditions of sale and further particulars can be had from the Undersigned on application and the property will be on view during the office hours.

T. K. ENGINEER,
Official Liquidator,
Jafer Ali Spg. & Wg. Co. Ltd.
(In Liquidation.)

Sonifalia Surat, dated 17th June, 1911.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

EXPRESS SERVICE TO SIMLA.

CHEAP RETURN TICKETS DURING THE HOT WEATHER THROUGH CARRIAGE BETWEEN BOMBAY AND KALKA.

THE EXPRESS through service between BOMBAY, and KALKA via the NAGDA MUTTRA RAILWAY, DELHI, MEERUT and SAHARANPUR, is worked with corridor Trains fitted with Electric Lights and Fans. Refreshment Cars are attached between Baroda and Muttra to which First and Second Class passengers have access from early in the morning to late at night. The duration of the journey between Bombay and Simla is approximately 46 hours. First Class Return Tickets available for two months are issued from 1st May to 31st July (inclusive), at the following greatly reduced rates between the undermentioned Stations, on the B. B. & C. I. and R. M. Railways and Simla.

Stations.	Return Fares Rs. a. p.	Timings. Up	Down.
Bombay ...	... 128 10 0	Arr. 7-15	Dep. 21-15
Mhow ...	... 108 9 0	" 22-40	" 5-20
Neemuch	... 95 14 0	" 23-30	" 4-55
Nasirabad	... 85 13 0	" 8-3	" 19-55
	Simla	Dep. 8-15	Arr. 18-30

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

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THE following PRINTING PRESSES, MACHINERY and PLANT are to be SOLD immediately at a very LOW PRICE to make room for new Machinery in the "Bombay Gazette" Press :—

- 2 Type casting Machines.
- 1 Ruling Machine.
- 2 Treadle Machines.
- 2 Cutting Machines.
- 2 Very large Printing Machines.
- 2 Small Printing Machines.
- 1 Backing Machine (for Book-binding).
- 1 Large Press for Printing Copper Plates.
- 1 Lithograph Press.

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For Particulars and price, see the GENERAL MANAGER.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

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Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

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OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy ; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy ; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year ; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

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E. E. SAVI,
Acting Agent.

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Reserve Fund	" 5,00,000

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HEAD OFFICE—RANGOON.

BRANCHES :—CALCUTTA, MADRAS and BOMBAY

CURRENT ACCOUNTS may be opened with Rs. 150 and upwards and interest at 2½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon daily balances upto Rs. 10,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 Half-yearly.

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F. D. STRANACK,
Manager

Standard Buildings Bombay, 31st December, 1910.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,

No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

Our usual Weekly Sale of Carriages, Horses, and Motor Cars etc., will be held every MONDAY, on the Rampart Row Fort, opposite the Crescent and near the Scottish Church.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

SALE OF CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELLERY AND SHOW CASES.

Under instructions from Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanji and Romer, Solicitors, on behalf of the owners, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 26th instant at 4 p. m. (S.T.), at their Rooms, in No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, the following :—

Gold watches, lockets, brooches, rings, pencils, compasses, seals, keys, French carriage clocks, silver hunting and open-faced watches, metal watches, ladies' watches, French brass regulator, marble and porcelain clocks, black marble 400 days' clock 400 days' time-piece, French clocks, standing clock by James McCabe, London, writing desk, work tables, work cases, diamond weighing case, sheet glass show cases, etc.

The above is on view,

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 26th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, in No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

Furniture such as chairs, sofas, almyrahs, cupboard dressing, washing and writing tables, piano, Hammond and Densmore typewriters, iron safes, phonographs, etc.

Under instructions from the Postmaster-General :—unserviceable goods such as canvas and drill bags, leather bags, saddles and harness, clocks and time-pieces, parcel scales, weights, etc.

At 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.

1 light rubber-tyred shigram in good order with a high caste Arab horse 15-1 fast and set of English harness.

1 light rubber-tyred victoria with horse and harness.

1 light rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.

1 20 h-p. 5-seated side entrance magneto ignition, second-hand Humber Car, complete with hood, 2 side and 1 tail lamp, foot pump and the necessary tools.

SALE OF TWO VERY VALUABLE DIAMOND NECKLACES.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 26th instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, by order of the owners :

1 very valuable diamond, pearl and emerald necklace of English make.

1 very valuable diamond and ruby necklace of English make.

The above necklaces are on view.

SALE OF OFFICE FURNITURE, SAFES ETC.

On WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Bank Street, Fort, near Bombay Bank, the surplus office furniture of Messrs. Volkart Bros. and others, consisting of writing tables, panel and glass-door cupboards, pigeon hole cupboards, revolving top office table with master key, Austrian fire-proof safe, Milner's double door safe, with stands, benches, telephone case, partition screens, large chests, duplicating machine, scale, wall clocks, table lamps, ice-box, dining table and chairs, office chairs, etc,

The above is on view.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 26th June, 1911.

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No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Unclaimed Goods, Sweepings, etc. at the G. I. P. Railway, Wari Bunder.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Railway Act 9 of 1890 and under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 26th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place, a quantity of unclaimed goods, grain and seeds in bags, cotton-seeds in bags, linseed, rapeseed, wheat, bajri, groundnuts, groundnut seeds, turmeric and harda in bags, bundles of baggings, iron nails, iron fencing, empty casks, canvas and folding chairs, bundle of zinc sheets, bags of betlenuts, bundle of books, boxes of candles, iron bars, pipe fittings, hinges, machinery, and bundle of manila ropes, iron pully, wooden pieces, tin of ghee, bundle of jagree and dates, fire bars, lot of condemned sheets, old records, heaps of sweeping grains etc., etc.

Dhamangaon to Wadi Bunder. Invoice No. 275 of 27-3-11. One bag out of 79 bags cottonseed on account of Consignee Kalyanji Shamji.

BONA FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the Executors of the late Mr. R. H. S. Issac, Messrs. BENNETT and Co, will on THURSDAY, the 29th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T), sell by Public Auction, at 2 Rehem Mansion, Colaba Causeway, near the Church, the very valuable and handsome black and teakwood plain and carved Frenchpolished household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, sliding dining table, leather lined dining chairs, large sideboards and dumb-waiters, carved sofas and chairs, one large gramaphone, one handsome English clock by Newton and Co., London, English palm stands, carved teapoys, first rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, brass and iron bed-steads, lamps, rich carpets, almyrahs, cup-boards, mahogany cloth presses, English chairs, one Zanzibar parrot in cage, copper utensils, etc., etc.

One handsome powerful chestnut Australian mare, 6 years 15 hands, very fast trapper.

One handsome strong light English built rubber tyred victoria, one handsome strong glass-fronted miniature brougham in good order.

Sets of brass mounted harness, etc., etc.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

The share at the Wellington Mews and the carriages at the stable below Messrs. E. D. Sassoon's and Co's Office.

AUCTION SALE of Machinery, Lathe, Pumps, Beltings, Shafts, Electrical Materials, Fans, etc. etc.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna Esqr., Receiver in Suit No. 546 of 1910 Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, on TUESDAY the 4th proximo, sell by Public Auction at 2 p. m. (S. T.) at the Godown No. 14 Marine Street next to Messrs. John Roberts Factory, the following machinery and mill appliances mortgaged by B Magonbhai to Messrs. Mulji Jaitha and Co ; consisting of hand-ratatary and torrent force pumps, Dayton fans, numbering machines, rubber goods, drilling machines, fodder cutters, fly wheels, blacksmith's forges, fancying wires, iron shaftings and pipes, dynamo. 1 1-2 h.p. oil engine Piatt Bros ; side frames, steam pumps, brushes, electros, Wheatly oil engine, large lathes, steel coils, platform scale, bell steam whistle, leather beltings, champion blacksmith's blowers, lamps and globes, porcelain shades, speed indicators horizontal and centrifugal pumps, aluminium fan blades, steel pressure blowers, bullock gears, rice hullers, 8 h.-p. oil engine, coffee grinder, etc., etc.

The above will be on view 4 days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 26th June, 1911.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
31, MEADOWS STREET, FORT. BOMBAY.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of June, 1911, sell by Public Auction, at their Sales Rooms, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), the following :—

On account of the concerned—1 crate, 80 dozen plates, 7, 8, 9 and 10, best and deep pattern printed.

Remaining unsold lots of the Japanese consignment, consisting of porcelain coffee cups, tea sets, lacquered panels, lacquered inlaid screens, photo albums, antimony boxes, dressing cases, wooden stand, teapoys, etc., brass and bronze vases, etc.

1 pair quite new binoculars, by Le Miere, view five miles distant clearly defined, (with leather case.)

1 Telescope by Newton and Co. of astronomical and terrestrial 2 1-8" object glass, up to 150 magnification, with brass body and brass folding stand (in mahogany case).

A lot of 5 and 1 light gas chandeliers.

By order of Seth Girjashunker Vijaishunker Desai, and on account and at the risk of Meeya Saheb Abdealli Meeya Saheb Sarafalli—

15 bales foolscap, printing and other papers.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO TYPEWRITER DEALERS AND PRIVATE BUYERS.
SALE of DENSMORE TYPEWRITERS.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of June, 1911, sell by Public Auction, at their Sales Rooms, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), the following:—On account and at the risk of the concerned—

4 well-known Densmore Typewriters brief-size, quite new and complete with accessories.

Each machine will be sold singly. The machines are on view.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 26th June, 1911.

By Appointment to H. H. The Maharaja Gaekwad of Baroda

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & Co

OCCULISTS & OPTICIANS,

Opp. Government Telegraph Office, 7 Hornby Row, BOMBAY.

THE FIRST
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Who Offer their constituents Free Services of a Duly Qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon from Various Eye Hospitals of Europe, Holding Genuine English Registrable Diplomas.

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EYESIGHT SPECIALIST,

Has TWENTY YEARS' experience in SIGHT TESTING RETINOSCOPICALLY.

WE HOLD

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STOCK:—LATEST and MOST PERFECT makes.

PRICES:—EXTREMELY MODERATE

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AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

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Total funds exceed......£19,000,000.

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Under the old scheme, the Capital was lost at Death, whenever it occurred.

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THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

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J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,

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NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, on sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

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9½ inch by 4¼ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9½ inch by 4¼ inch ...Annas 14 per do. *

* If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.

5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2¼ per thousand*

If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

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FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, single bed rooms from 4s. ; double from 7s. ; sitting and bed room from 15s. ; suites from 21s. ; including attendance and electric light. Inclusive terms from 12s. per day. Special inclusive terms by the year. Wedding receptions. Turkish Bath, Post Office telephones in every suite. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents).

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Quarterly ...	" 7 8	" 6 0
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Third Insertion ...	" 3-0	do.
Fourth Insertion ...	" 2-8	do.
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Minimum charge ...	" 6-0	do.

In the Native Language double the above rates

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for any length of time special contracts are made.

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DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

London Market closed.

New York, June 23] [Bombay, June 24.

FINANCIAL.

Bar Silver in New York ...	... 52 7-8 unchgd.
Exchange at New York ...	...4·86 unchgd.

COTTON.

The Liverpool market is closed.

NEW YORK—	Bales.
Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	2,000
Receipts at „ Last year ...	3,000
Exports to Great Britain ...	......
Exports to Continent ...	2,000
Spot Cotton—	..15·10—10
Futures—Month of July 14·71+01	Advanced on foreign buying and declined on Commission House liquidation.
Futures—Month of Oct. 13·03+01	

New York Official Noon Call July 14·69. Oct. 13·06

NEW ORLEANS—	
Spot cotton ...	15 unchgd
Futures month of July ...	14·86—05
Futures month of Oct ...	12·95+03
Tone of Spot Cotton ...	Steady.

	Bales.
Week's Receipts of cotton at U. S. Ports	7,000
Do. exports to Great Britain	1,000
Do. do. to France and Continent	19,000
Do. do. to Japan	......
Stock of cotton at U. S. Ports	247,000
Do. do. at Interior Ports	413,000

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 12 3-4 unchanged.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING.] [24TH June, 1911.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
1 Box Bullions	Rs. 76,800	London...	Hongkong Bank
Rupees......	504		

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL ON 21st and 22nd June, 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	49	58,820
B B and C I Railway ...	51	61,406

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE :—

The market opened at 1s. 4d. T. T., 1s. 4d. to 1s. 4 1-32d. Demand and 1s. 4 3-16d. for 3 months' sight credits. There has been little fresh business doing. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4d. to 1s. 4 1-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight	1s. 4 5-32d. to 1s 4 3-16d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 7-32d. Aug.
Do. do France	...170 1-4
Do. do Marks	...138 1-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...133 1-2
Shanghai „	...178
Japan „	...150 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

The market has been quiet during the day with little doing and closing quotations are as under.

We quote :—

Cash ...	... Rs. 96 6 0
1st Settlement	... „ 96 5 0
2nd „	... „ 96 2 0

BULLION :—

The London market was closed yesterday. New York was unchanged at 52 7-8. The local market is easier and quotations are as under. Bar Gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold ...	... Rs. 24 0 0
Australian „ ...	... „ 24 0 0
Sovereigns „ ...	... „ 15 0 0
Silver Ready ex-duty	... „ 61 13 0
„ 1st settlement ...	„ 61 14 0
„ 2nd Settlement ...	„ 61 14 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—

Owing to the absence of rain and some buying orders from up-country, our market for new crop opened firm with prices Rs. 4 to 5 higher. Little business has been practicable as sellers are scarce even at the advance. Exporters are not following the rise.

Ready cotton continues steady with a moderate demand by shippers and mills.

QUOTATIONS :—

OLD CROP.

Fine M G Broach	Rs.	364	June
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar...	„	357	do
Do H G Westerns	„	324-5	do
Do M G do	„	332	do

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach	Rs.	311-12	March
Fully Good H G Bengals ...	„	249	Jany.
Fine M G Bengal	„	277	„
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola.	„	301	„

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—The market is steady.

We quote :—

Ready „ ...	Rs. 12 3 0 B. T.
September	„ 13 2 0 R. T.

RAPESEED :—The market is steadier.

We Quote :—

Yellow Guzerat ready ...	„ 7 10 0 B. T.
Brown Etawah ready ...	„ 6 10 0 B. T.

GINGELLYSEED :—The market is quiet.

We quote :—

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs. 51 0 0
Yellow Hinganghat ...	„ 57 0 0
Black Kutni ...	„ 43 0 0

CASTORSEED :—Tone steady. We Quote:—

Ready ...	Rs. 35 8 0

COTTONSEED :—Tone quiet. We Quote:—

Ready ...	Rs. 22 0 0

POPPYSEED :—Tone firm and advancing.

We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs. 9 14 6 B. T.

GROUNDNUTS :—Tone quiet.

We Quote :—

Bold ...	Rs. 40 8 0
Small ...	„ 39 0 0

MOWRASEED :—Tone steady.

July-August ...	Rs. 7 3 0 R. T.

WHEAT :—The market is steady.

We Quote :—

White Delhi ready. ...	Rs. 4 11 0 R. T.
„ „ Sept ...	Rs. 5 2 6 R. T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,700
Bank of Burma	136 1-2
Bank of India	68 1-2
Eastern Bank	78 1-2
Indian Specie	52 1-2

MILLS.

David	388 3-4
Kohinoor	665
Manockji Petit	2,625
New Great Eastern	180
Standard	955

PRESSES.

Indian Cotton	140
New Mofussil	880

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	135
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	170
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	17 1-2

RAILWAYS.

Central Provinces Ry.*	30
Tapti-Valley	487 1-2

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Thursday :—

Cotton	3,088	bales
Wheat	13,152	cwts.
Linseed	5,505	„
Rapeseed	1,283	„
Gingellyseed	41	„
Poppyseed	909	„
Groundnuts...	523	„
Castorseed	1,138	„
Rice	42	„
Myrabollams	3	„
Cottonseed	5,083	„
Mowraseed	8,342	„
Gram	2,386	„
Jowar	....	
Maize	116	„

LONDON MARKET.

LONDON, June 24.] [BOMBAY, June 25.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
3 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	79 11-16		
do. Rentes ...	95 1-4		
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan..	93 3-4		
do. Govt. Securities...	94 3-8		
Bar Silver in London ...	24 3-8		1-16
do. 2 months' hence ...	24 7-16		1-6
do. in New York ...	52 3-8		1-8
Exchange on London at Paris.	25·30 1-2		
do. at Berlin...	20·42 1-2		
do. at New York...	4·85 7-8	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	3 p.c.	since	
do. Short London	9th Mar.		
Bills, 3 months' sight.	2 5-16		
do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight.	2 7-3	un	chgd
do 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	2 7-8	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 3-8	un	chgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...	1 3-8		
Interest 7 day Market Loans...	2		

Bar Gold	... 77·9 unchgd

Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 7-3 unchgd

Closing Tone of Silver—Quiet.

Liverpool market closed.

NEW YORK—	Bales.
Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	1,000
Receipts at U. S. Last year ...	......
Exports to Great Britain ...	......
Exports to Continent ...	......
Spot Cotton—	15·00—10
Futures—Month of July 14·65—06	Advanced on bull support and shorts covering and on firm New Orleans markets.
Futures—Month of Oct 13·11+03	

NEW ORLEANS—	
Spot Cotton	...15 1-16+1-16
Futures—Month of July	...14·86—02
Do. do Oct.	...12·59+04
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Dull.
Total Visible Supply	...1,950,000 bales,
Do. Visible Supply East Indian ...	243,000 „
Do. Quantity in Sight	11,440,000 „

WHEAT.

Tone—Dull.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship	...43 1-4
Do. Months—June-July.	
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Buyers.	
Yellow Guzerat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship	...45 1-2
Do. Months—June-July.	
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Value.	
Brown Cawnpore	... 40 1-2
Do. Months—July-August.	
Do. Name of Ports—Sellers—Amsterdam.	
Tone of Rapeseed—Steady.	

LINSEED—

Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship	... 79
Do. Months—July-Aug.	
Do. Name of Ports Antwerp.—Sellers.	
Tone of Linseed—Quiet but steady.	
Linseed Argentine—La Plata	...63 1-2
Do. Months—July-Aug.	
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg—Sellers.	

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 12 3-4 unchgd

RUBBER—

Para Rubber	.. 3 11 1-2—Value flat.

SUGAR—

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags.	...13 8 1-4—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment	...July-Aug.
Tone—Fair demand at rather firmer rates.	
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India	...12·9—Nominal.
Do. Months of Shipments	...June.
Tone—Quite neglected.	
German Beet-root 88 p. c	... No quotation.
Months of Shipments	...
Tone—Firm.	
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F India	...14 8 1-4—Sellers.
Months of Shipments	...July-August.
Tone—Quiet but Steady.	
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay	...11-3—Value.
Months of Shipments	...June.
Tone—Firm.	

Java—No market, prices unchanged.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JUNE 24.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Rokeby s—7,000 cwts wheat, and 4,000 cottonseed, Ralli Bros ; 1,787 cwts myrabollams, A Khimji; 2,500 cwts myrabollams, E Oomersey ; 46,000 cwts wheat, 3,500 cwts maize, and 1,000 cwts barley, Sanday and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Himalaya s—4,500 cwts barley, Ralli Bros ; 500 cwts myrabollams, E Oomersey ; 21 cwts mother-of-pearl shell, N Kassam ; 105 cwts condiments, D D Framji and Co ; 112 cwts chutney F Naoroji ; 205 cwts condiments, Merwanji Poonjiaji and Sons.

FOR NEW YORK.

Lichtenfels s—1 pot rosa oil, Volkart Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES.

City of Paris —9,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR HULL.

Conisclifle s—16,000 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co ; 2,000 cwts linseed, N Heythe and Co.

Clan Graham s—26,272 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji ; 1,533 cwts myrabollams, E Oomersey ; 581 cwts cottonseed, Parikh Bros and Co ; 2,000 cwts cottonseed, B S Lloyd and Co ; 2,010 cwts cottonseed, N Rangji ; 4,000 cwts cottonseed, Ralli ; 12,000 cwts cottonseed, Wagji Becher ; 2,000 cwts castorseed, H Maganlal ; 2,000 cwts cottonseed, V Shivji and Co ; 2,000 cwts cottonseed, K Shamji ; 2,000 cwts cottonseed, C Morarji ; 10,000 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Asama s—2,606 cwts mustardseed, A Blascheck and Co ; 150 bales hemp, K Vishram and Co ; 200 cwts mustardseed, Volkart Bros ; 50 bales hemp, E Oomersey ; 50 bales sawricotton, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR ANTWERP.

Dorrington Court s—150 bales hemp, K Vishram and Co ; 6,000 cwts linseed, K Devchand and Co ; 55 bales cotton, H Gokaldas and Co.

Berbera s—900 cwts linseed and 385 bales cotton Ralli Bros ; 4,000 cwts linseed, K Devchand and Co.

Umsinga s—1,500 tons manganese ore, S Smidt and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Claverley s—70 bales cottonfly, W Wolf and Sons.

Clan Graham s—100 tons manganese ore, E Smidt and Co.

Asama s—500 tons manganese ore, The Shivrajpur Syndicate.

FOR HAMBURG.

Claverley s—14 bales cottonfly, C Piraj and Co ; 1,570 cwts myrabollams, W Becher.

Lichtenfels s—100 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 110 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 200 bales cottonfly J C Tadiwala ; 330 bales cotton, M Jethabhoy and Co ; 1 pot geranium oil, Volkart Bros.

FOR BREMEN.

Lichtenfels s—500 cwts poppyseed, B S Lloyd and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Marq Bacquehem s—105 bales cotton, C Bhagwanlal and Co; 804 bales cotton, Ralli Bros 330 bales cotton, The Bombay Co; 55 bales cotton, M Jethabhoy and Co.

Koerber s—230 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR VENICE.

Marq Bacquehem s—100 bales cotton, The Bombay Co; 200 bales cotton, Diwadkar and Co; 100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 907 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 100 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

FOR FIUME.

Marq Bacquehem s—165 bales cotton, C Bhagwanlal and Co.

FOR VARNA.

Koerber s—9 bales twist, The Swadeshi Mills Co.

FOR CONSTANTINOPLE.

Koerber s—100 bales twist, the Swadeshi Mills Co.

FOR BOURGAO.

Koerber s—13 bales twist, The Swadeshi Mills Co.

FOR KOBE.

Tosa Maru s—100 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR OSAKA.

Tosa Maru s—100 bales cotton, M Jethabhoy and Co.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

BIRTH.

BINGHAM—June 22, at 47 Elmwood Road, Herne Hill, London, Lieut. A. G. Bingham, R. I. M., of a daughter.

INDIA.

BIRTHS.

ALLAN—June 9, at Lytton House, Rangoon, the wife of A Allan, of a son.

GABBETT—June 8, at Penlee Maymyo, the wife of E Gabbett, P W D, of a son.

KINGSLEY—June 9, at Mogok, the wife of E M Kingsley, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

ABRAHAM—WALTON—June 14, at Bangalore, St Mark's Church, by the Rev B M Morton, Francis Walter Abraham, only son of Mr Walter Abraham, to Augusta Ealham (Gussie), youngest daughter of Mr and Mrs W A Walton, Madras Police (Retired).

METTHAM—HARDINGE—June 12, at the Cathedral, Rangoon, by the Rev J H Collins, Ernest Drury Mettham, only son of Edmund John Mettham Esq, of Mansfield, Nottinghamshire, England, to Irene Susan, eldest daughter of Mr and Mrs A Mayfield Hardinge of Rangoon.

TABORDA—PEREIRA—June 15, at St John's Church, Tsekai Maung Tawlay Street, Rangoon, Louis Taborda to Winifred Pereira, daughter of the late Boniface Pereira.

DEATHS.

BARNETT—June 5, Major H J deB Barnett, 91st Punjabis (Light Infantry) at Mandalay.

ENGLEBRIGHT—June 14, at Madras General Hospital John Robert Englebright (father of Mrs A N S Wakefield, Insein), aged 77 years, R I P.

PAUL—June 11, at Rangoon, Alexander, son of John Paul, late Municipal Inspector, No 24, 47th Street, East Rangoon, aged 20 years, 5 months.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, three shows nightly 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m. Our Star Attraction : "The Courier of Lyons," a thrilling dramatic story in pictures.

Maxim : "Doing more than you are paid for is the way to get paid for more than you do."

THE SINGER CO.—At the Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition held at Navasari in April, the Singer Co. have been awarded two Gold Medals, for excellence of their Singer's Sewing Machines and the other for embroidery work.

FALL FROM A HEIGHT.—A Parsi named Dorabji Burjorji, aged 65, residing in Bomanji Lane, Fort, slipped and fell from a window of his room into the lane below and fractured his left leg. He was removed to hospital for treatment.

REPORTED THEFT.—A woman named Saibee, residing in a hut off Gilder-street, reports the theft some time during Friday night of two gold ornaments valued at Rs. 430, from her neck while she was asleep.

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for Mauritius and Reunion via Tuticorin and Colombo per extra s. s. "Kanara" will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p. m. to-day (Monday) instead as previously notified.—Mails for Natal, Cape Colony, L. Marques and other places in South Africa per extra s.s. "Umlazi" via Tuticorin and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. to-morrow.

Y. M. C. A. MONSOON CONCERT.—It was difficult to find seating accommodation for the large audience that gathered for the first Monsoon Concert of the season. The Y. M. C. A. are to be congratulated upon receiving such an enthusiastic reception of their efforts to provide good entertainment for Bombay during the off season. The items were well chosen and varied, and most of the artistes received encores. The hearty reception accorded to Mr. Manetti's rendering of "Danses Tziganes" of Tivadar Nachez was very flattering, and this artiste had to return to the platform giving Raff's "Cavatina." Miss Nancy Shepherd, an old Bombay favourite sang, Mozart's "Che Faro" and "On the Banks of Allan Water," both of which items were loudly encored. Variety in the programme was provided by Mr. E. Keith Roach, who gave a little humorous entertainment entitled "The Village Concert," and in the second part of the programme recited Lawrence Hope's "Sher Afzul." Miss Thoy was much appreciated in a careful rendering of "The Tear" and "Roses." Mr. Edward Gellett sang "The Devout Lover" and "Chorus, Gentlemen." Both were heartily applauded. The members of the Afghan Choir contributed several enjoyable selection.

CHARGE OF MISCHIEF.

Before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, on Saturday, Udeyprasad Thakoreprasad, a Pardeshi Bhaya, was charged with mischief and causing damage by burning a quantity of hay belonging to Rama, a dealer in hay. The complaint was that some dispute arose between the parties, when the complainant went to recover the amount of his bill for hay supplied to the accused. The accused took a match from a man standing near him, struck it and set fire to the quantity of hay, which the complainant had taken there. The defence was that in attempting to burn the letter, the hay caught fire and was burnt. The Magistrate convicted the accused and fined him Rs. 4.

THIRD CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman will preside on Tuesday, at the third Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court. Ten cases have been committed for trial, including one murder case, one will forgery case and one other forgery case. The rest are cases of minor offences.

RE-OPENING OF THE SKATING RINK.

FROM the advertisement in another column the public will see that the management of the Skating Rink have decided to open it on Saturday the 1st July for the monsoon season.

We hear that is in excellent condition, that the interior of the Rink is excellently lighted while the decorations and other arrangements are all that can be desired. A band will be in attendance. People should not lose the chance of visiting the place on the opening night.

ARRIVALS.

Per s. s. "Circassia," June 26.

The Anchor Line s. s. "Circassia" is due to arrive here to-day, with the following passengers :—

Holland, Lt J R	Tait, Mr and Mrs, child and infant
Maconachie, Capt and Mrs	

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" its original colours, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well, as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale depot, 3, Farringdon Road London England.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

SLAVERY IN SURAT.

Conviction Confirmed.

ON the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Hayward disposed of the appeal of Suleman Ibrahim Nakhuda, who was convicted of wrongful confinement and voluntarily causing hurt by Mr. G. D. Madgaonkar, Sessions Judge of Surat, and sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. W. L. Weldon, instructed by Mr. K. M. Talyarkhan, appeared for the accused ; the Government Pleader was for the Crown.

The prosecution case was that a 'dubra' Ranchhodia had obtained an advance from the accused, who resided at Tadkeshwar in Surat District in 1910, and had contracted to serve him for a number of years, he ran away in June last, after four or five months' service, the reason according to the prosecution being ill-treatment on the part of the accused ; according to the accused to evade payment of the debt. He left the accused's house without informing anyone of his destination. On the 8th August last, the accused went to Navsari, where he met the deceased Ranchhod and from there, according to the prosecution, the accused abducted him by force and brought him bound up by train from Navsari to Kim, and thence by road to Tadkeshwar ; the accused then confined the deceased in his own house and beat him severely for leaving his service, causing simple hurt. Later on Ranchhod's body was found floating in a tank. The body was taken out of the tank and a post mortem examination was held. Medical evidence showed that death was due to drowning and that the body bore seven distinct contusions on various parts which must have been caused during life, probably by blows with a stick. Ranchhod's act was inferred to have been due to his preferring to commit suicide rather than endure the accused's cruel treatment.

On the evidence, the Sessions Judge convicted the accused, and in view of the undoubted prevalence of oppression towards 'dubras' in the district, sentenced him as above-stated.

After hearing the arguments of counsel, their Lordships, in disposing of the appeal, said that they agreed with the learned Sessions Judge in the conclusions at which he had arrived. Their Lordships, therefore, confirmed the conviction and having regard to the character of the beating and the circumstances under which the deceased appeared to have been forced to go back after he had left the appellant. Their Lordships thought that the sentence was also one with which they ought not to interfere.

The conviction and sentence were, therefore, confirmed, and the appeal dismissed.

HEAVY MORTGAGE DECREE

ON the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, on Saturday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman disposed of the suit brought by Ratansey Mulji against Khatau Hemraj to recover Rs. 37,594 with interest and costs.

Mr. B. J. Desai, instructed by Messrs. Madhavji, Kamdar and Chhotubhai, appeared for the plaintiff the defendant did not appear.

Mr. Desai said that the defendant had signed the terms on which this suit was settled in the presence of Mr. M. M. Kamdar, solicitor, by which he agreed to the usual mortgage decree being passed against him with interest and costs, the mortgaged property was the Akola Ginning Factory. Rate of interest was nine per cent.

After recording the evidence of Mr. Kamdar, who said that the settlement was a lawful one. His Lordship passed a decree in terms of the settlement.

AN ABATED SUIT.

ON the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, on Saturday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman disposed of the suit brought by Rahimtoolla Joosub against Bibibai and another.

Mr. Kolah appeared for the first defendant and Mr. R. D. N. Wadia against the second, the plaintiff was not represented.

Mr. Kolah said that the plaintiff died on the 11th July last, he put in a death certificate signed by the Executive Health Officer of Bombay. He then asked his Lordship to dismiss the suit with costs as it had abated, no steps having been taken to bring the deceased's representatives on record within six months.

Mr. Wadia supported Mr. Kolah in his contention.

His Lordship dismissed the suit against both the defendants with costs to come out of the deceased's estate.

His Lordship then disposed of the suit brought by Kunjbehari Ravinarayan and others against Divalibai and others.

Mr. B. J. Wadia appeared for the first two defendants, the plaintiffs did not appear.

Mr. Wadia said that the suit was filed in 1910. The plaintiffs were in insolvent circumstances and in hiding. He asked his Lordship to dismiss the suit against his clients with costs.

The prayer was granted.

REFERRED TO THE COMMISSIONER.

ON the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, on Saturday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman, by the consent of Mr. J. H. Bhabha for the plaintiff and Mr. D. M. Kolah for the defendant, referred the suit brought by Haji Bundeally Ramji against Abdullabhai Valli Champsey to the Commissioner for taking accounts. The Commissioner to ascertain the rate of interest, commission and charges. Costs and further directions reserved.

In the suit brought by Mr. R. D. Settna against Syed Mahomed Amin and another, Mr. Homi Captain appeared for the plaintiff ; the defendant did not appear.

Counsel said that both the defendants had filed their appearance, but none had yet filed his written statement. The suit was filed by Mr. Settna as receiver of the estate of one late Moulvie Mahomed Jitaker for the dissolution of partnership and accounts in the business of printing and selling Arabic books. The defendants were residents of Cairo.

The partnership was declared to have been dissolved from the date of the filing of the suit which was referred to the Commissioner for taking accounts.

APPLICATION FOR TRANSFER.

Tricumdass Mills' Mortgage.

ON the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, on Saturday, before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman, was called on the suit. Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal vs. The Tricumdass Mills in liquidation. The claim in this suit is Rs. 2,00,000 which sum the plaintiff alleges he had paid on the mortgage of the mills ; the liquidator, Mr. R. D. Settna, disallowed this sum on the mortgage, but included it in the ordinary claims.

Mr. R. D. N. Wadia, holding the learned Advocate-General's brief, instructed by Messrs. Bhaishanker, Kanga and Ghirdharlal, solicitors, appeared for the plaintiff; for the defendant company appeared Mr. P. H. Setalvad, and Mr. D. N. Bahadurji instructed by Messrs. Payne and Company.

Mr. Wadia, at the outset, applied that his Lordship should give his sanction to enable the plaintiff to apply to the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Davar to try this suit. Mr. Wadia said that the plaintiff, who was about 72 years old, had just returned from Hyderabad for the purposes of this suit and was now ill. He was under the treatment of Doctors N. N. Katrak and Chield. It was, therefore, necessary to examine him at his or at the Judge's bungalow. As he was advised to go back to Hyderabad as soon as possible, and as his Lordship was taking criminal sessions on Tuesday, counsel asked his Lordship to grant the necessary permission. The other side had agreed to this order on the plaintiff, paying their costs of the day.

His Lordship granted sanction.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JUNE 24.

The rainfall has decreased in South Burma, but has increased in Bengal, where some heavy falls have occurred. A few thunderstorms are reported from the extreme north. Elsewhere, the weather has been practically dry.

The principal amounts are :—Victoria Point and Akyab, two inches ; Kyadkpyu, three ; Cheerapunji, five; Chittagong, two ; Jalpaiguri, four ; Darjeeling, Sambalpur and Ranchi, two; Hazaribagh, ten, Purnea three ; and Gorakhpur, one and a half.

The forecast shows that thunderstorms are expected in the West Himalayas, and a continuation of present conditions elsewhere

SIMLA, JUNE 25.

The rainfall continued to be general in North-East India, and diminished in Burma. Thunderstorms occurred in several stations of West Himalayas. In the Peninsula the weather has been dry except on the Malabar Coast.

The principal amounts are : —Kyauki-yu and Akyab three inches ; Cherrapunji four ; Purnea and Darbhanga, two ; Darjeeling, three ; Patna, four ; Naya and Dumka, three ; Gulmarg and Trivandrum two.

The forecast.—Extension of thunderstorms into the plains, and the Punjab. No change elsewhere.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla In Cts	Esplanade In Cts	Fort In Cts	Colaba. In Cts
Previously registered...	10·80	10·73	11·61	10·68
Sunday, 25th June...............	0·00	0·00	0·00	0·00
Total	10·80	10·73	11·61	10·68
Same date last year	5·19	4·45	5·33	3·39

RAINFALL AT MATHERAN.

	Inches	Cents.
June 23		
Total 1st from Jan.	26	47

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., Ltd., CUMBALLA HILL, June 24.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1909.	Corpdg. Total 1910.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.
Cumballa Hill ...	0·00	9·89	14·1	22·53

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following is the list of total rainfall gauge during the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), 17th June 1911 :—

	In.	cts.		In.	cts.
Bandora	9	68	Viramgam	2	12
Panjoo..............	11	41	Bardoli	0	0
Vaiturana	13	54	Dabhoe	0	89
Palghur	13	76	Sevalia	5	63
Gholwad	8	17	Godhra	3	75
Daman...............	11	10	Patri	4	6
Bulsar	6	12	Limkhera	4	59
Nausari	7	17	Dohad	5	35
Surat	5	81	Amargarh	10	95
Kim..................	7	91	Rutlam	5	39
Broach...............	6	60	Nagda	4	0
Baroda...............	6	84	Rajpardi	8	63
Mehmadabad	11	87	Nandbar	3	68
Ahmedabad	5	73	Nardana...........	4	31

RAINFALL MONSOON 1911.

During the Week ending 17th June, 1911.

	In.	cts.		In.	cts.
Alot	1	93	Gangapur	2	22
Pachpahar	3	67	Bindaun	1	14
Kotah	2	4	Bayana	1	97
Indargarh........	0	38	Bharatpur	0	24

Appended in Saturday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observation taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations,	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (23rd)	83·1	77·3	...	0 00
Jask	93·3	78·8	...	0·00
Muskat (23rd)	94·3	85·1	...	0·00
Multan......................	105·3	84·0	...	1·25
Rawalpindi	104·9	81·9	...	1·36
Lahore	108·9	87·7	...	1·94
Sirsa.........................	107 3	86·5	...	1·65
Ambala	102·5	83 9	...	3·96
Delhi	102 0	?	..	3·80
Agra..........................	106 5	89·0	...	0·76
Mainpuri....................	104·3	87·5	...	2·48
Jhansi	108·0	84·5	...	2 17
Cawnpore	104·3	85·9	...	0·05
Allahabad	95 6	78 5	...	2·53
Jacobabad	122·1	82·8	...	0 00
Karachi	87·0	81·0	...	0 00
Ajmer	97·4	80·2	...	1·61
Jaipur	100 2	78·6	...	4·57
Kotah	103·0	82·6	...	2·41
Bhuj...........................	95·1	73·0	...	0·03
Dwarka	87·8	80·7	...	0·74
Veraval	85·6	80·3	...	2·75
Rajkot........................	99·1	76·0	...	2·12
Bhavnagar Para...........	103·6	78·5	...	3·00
Surat	90·1	79·1	...	5·43
Ahmedabad................	102·1	76·7	...	4·40
Deesa	100·3	77·4	...	2·74
Neemuch.....................	94 9	78·7	...	5·92
Indore	92·1	74·1	...	4·13
Jubbulpore	88·8	77 3	...	6·00
Saugor.......................	92·6	75·6	...	8·72
Hoshangabad	99·1	76·9	...	3·93
Khandwa.....................	97·7	75·1	...	2·03
Akola	99·2	75·6	...	4·25
Amraoti	97·8	76·3	...	6·07
Nagpur........................	96·1	78·3	...	15·55
Chanda	97·5	78·0	...	9·68
Raipur........................	86·7	77·8	0·09	15·35
Bombay	89·1	81·1	...	10·70
Ratnagiri....................	86·8	79·9	...	19·49
Mormugao	86·5	79·7	0·02	24·45
Karwar	86 3	80·0	..	17·85
Malegaon....................	94·9	73·1	...	3·37
Ahmednagar	92·9	70·0	...	2·11
Poona	89·0	70·3	...	4·37
Sholapur	100·3	72·9	...	1·68
Bijapur	95·2	70·2	...	1·62
Belgaum	80·8	67·6	...	8·75
Aurangabad.................	93·7	69·2	...	2·85
Nizamabad (Indur)	97·4	76·7	...	4·00
Hyderabad	99·3	78·2	...	2·34
Mangalore	86·8	71·8	0·12	37·90
Calicut.......................	84·3	76·6	0·16	36·31
Cochin	86·2	76·2	0·35	26·66
Colombo	88·5	79·0	0·11	5·38
Masulipatam	102·3	77·2	...	1·85
Bellary	98 0	76·3	...	0·08
Cuddapah	100 7	79·6	...	1·07
Madras.......................	103·5	84·5	..	0·63
Bangalore	89·8	67·3	0 13	1·22
Coimbatore	86·4	71·3	...	6·81
Trichinopoly	100·1	78·8	...	0·37
Negapatam	103·0	80·0	...	1·77

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. (local time) on the 24th June, was 29·837 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 14 feet at 8 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80deg. F. will be ·14inch and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings above are distinct in from these given in the daily weather report, to which different corrections have been applied.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 24TH JUNE.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 24th June, 1911, giving date for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded in the south-west Punjab and the extreme north and clear elsewhere. Humidity is in slight excess at Multan and in defect at other stations. Minimum temperature is in excess except at Multan.

The United Provinces.—Skies are moderately clouded in southern districts and clear elsewhere. The moisture in the air is in moderate to large defect. Temperature is in excess except at Allahabad.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in upper Sind and the adjacent parts of west Rajputana and lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect in east Rajputana. Maximum temperature is 11° in excess at Jacobabad.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Day temperature is in excess at Ahmedabab and Bhavnagar Para.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is generally in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess in the western half of the division.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air contains the average amount of moisture. Night temperature is in slight excess.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear in the north Bombay Deccan and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is generally in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess.

General Remarks.—Very light rain has fallen in Mysore and Malabar ; elsewhere weather has been rainless. No improvement in the conditions favourable for an increase of rainfall is yet noticeable. Winds remain stronger than usual on the Sind and the Kathiawar Coasts.

Local rain is likely in Malabar and isolated showers in the Konkan and the east Central Provinces.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

ROMAN CARDINALS' PRIVILEGES.

The strange and difficult relation in which the Church and State stand to each other in Italy was illustrated by one of the incidents which arose during the recent clerical libel suit. Two of the Cardinals of Curia, or those habitually resident in Rome, Cardinals Respighi and Martinelli, had been cited as witnesses, and both of them replied saying that they would avail themselves of the prerogative of the great officials of State in Italy and have their testimony taken in their own houses.

Counsel for the defence at once objected, saying that in 1850 all ecclesiastical privileges had been abolished, and that churchmen of whatever rank were to be treated exactly as ordinary citizens, and denied that Cardinals had the right to call themselves officials of the Italian State. He added that Cardinals were not even among the number of those distinguished citizens from whose ranks senators of the kingdom may be chosen, and though in documents preparing the great Law of Guarantees, which regulates the relations between the Church and State in Italy, the Cardinals were spoken of as equivalent to princes in the document itself there was no word attributing this title to them, nor indeed, had the Law of Guarantees ever been accepted by the Papacy.

Even the famous decree of 1868, which gave the Cardinals precedence over the Knights of the Order of the Annunziata, did not mention Cardinals among the great officials of State, and in any case this decree simply regulated ceremonial, and had nothing to do with judicial procedure.

The defendant Verdesi's advocate reminded the court that if the Cardinals were treated as great officials of State in this case, it deprived the accused of the two legal guarantees of hearing what was said about him, and of contradicting the evidence if he wished, which he could not do, not being present at the examination.

Counsel for the Crown, in reply, recalled that in 1870 General Cadorna, who commanded the soldiers who took Rome, ordered the troops to render the same honours to Cardinals as though they were Princes of the Blood, and cited several precedents for Cardinals having been considered great officials of the State by the tribunals of Rome. After other advocates had argued on both sides, the court retired for nearly two hours in order to consider the question, and on its return the president of the court read a long judgment, the gist of which was that it was not necessary to be a public official in order to enjoy the prerogatives of that position, and that he considered that the decree of 1868 might be taken as an interpretation of the law, and that, therefore, he ordered that the evidence of Cardinals Respighi and Martinelli should be heard in their own homes without the presence of the other parties to the suit.

This not very important question is interesting as showing how anomalous and difficult is the position between the two authorities which have their seat in the Eternal City ; it is also an example of the desire which is almost always shown by the Italian Government to interpret the law in such a way as to accommodate matters and to avoid displeasing members of the Vatican.

STATE INSURANCE.

The German System.

An interesting comparison between Great Britain and Germany was drawn on June 7 at the annual Evangelical Social Congress by the world-renowned theologian, Professor Adolf Harnack. The subject of his remarks was the great Insurance Acts Consolidation Bill, which has just passed the Reichstag, and on which he pronounced a very sharp criticism. His animadversions were chiefly directed against the restriction of the influence of the employed in the administration of sick funds, the rejection of the proposal to lower the age at which superannuation pensions begin from seventy to sixty-five years, and the reduction in country districts of the compulsory allowance to women during child-birth from eight to four weeks. The language he used was of very unusual vigour for a man in his position and with his relations to the Court and the Government. He spoke of "unwarranted distrust of the people and Departmental narrow-mindedness," and declared it to be one of their principal tasks to "combat the hereditary social evil of our day—caste spirit and caste arrogance." The passage of his speech which will be of the most interest to English readers was as follows :

But I cannot get over to things—age-limit and the treatment question of the protection of women in child-bed. The postponement of the age-limit to the 70th year to a great extent nullifies the blessing of the insurance, and the hateful exception which has been admitted to the protection of women in child-bed paralyses the struggle against a social evil, which has already to long been a disgrace to our conditions. In England one of these demands has already been fulfilled. In England ! The broad and simple lines of insurance legislation there fills us with admiration, but still more the unanimous spirit in which it has been received. We Germans may possess a deeper culture, but that nation is more united and politically riper than ours, and, to our shame, holds up the mirror to us. Moreover, the confidence in the working-classes is greater, there. But I believe that our workmen would stand the test if we were to show the same confidence in them. I say that although alarming symptoms in the opposite direction have not been wanting among us. Still, they will disappear by degrees, if, without fawning, we will only take to heart the saying, "Suum quique," with respect to workmen as well as other people. But while our eyes are on our neighbour, we will remember with pride that it is our German social idea and our German model which are now triumphing in England.

Professor Harnack, having up to this point spoken as a pure philanthropist, now put himself in the place of the German manufacturer, and declared that it "eased their economic position in the world extraordinarily" when other great nations imitated their insurance legislation, for then they were no longer the only ones "to handicap themselves in competition of labour."

CALCUTTA MARKETS.

CALCUTTA, JUNE 24.

In none of the markets was there much doing today. The Jute market was closed and in the gunny market, business was at a standstill. The same state of affairs ruled in the money-market. In the share market, business was confined to coal shares at steady rates. There were no enquiries for either tea or jute shares.

The military occupation of the Champagne districts has already cost £920,000.

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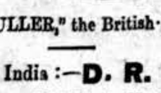

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Austrian Lloyd's S N Company's steamer Nippon, 4,014 tons, Captain E Tarabachia, sailed on Saturday for Kobe &c., with a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Claverly, 2,440 tons, Captain C Kragh, will sail to-day for Dunkirk and Humburgh with a general cargo.

The steamer Zillah, 2,412 tons, Captain J W Webber, sailed on Saturday for Calcutta, with ballast.

The Austrian Lloyd's S N Company's steamer Marquis Bacquehem, 3,752 tons, Captain V Catmilick, arrived here on Saturday from Trieste, June 5, with a general cargo and 32 deck passengers.

The Welson Line steamer Ariasto, 2,760 tons, Captain H Bradley, arrived here on Saturday from Hull, May 28, with a general cargo and coal.

The Natal Line steamer Umsinga, 1,869 tons, Captain H S Robertson, arrived here on Saturday from Natal June 3, with a general cargo and 6 cabins and 42 deck passengers.

The B I S N Company's steamer Dwarka, 759 tons, Captain W Moxon, arrived here on Saturday from Karachi June 22, with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

The P and O Company's steamer Devanha, 4,785 tons, Captain H Powell, sailed on Saturday for Aden, with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

The B I S N Company's steamer Umballa, 3,426 tons, Captain A M Rait, sailed on Saturday for Karachi, with a general and the same bottom cargo.

The B I S N Co's steamer Kola, 510 tons, Captain W C Morrison, arrived here yesterday from Busreh, June 18, via Karachi, &c., with a general cargo and passengers.

The City Line steamer City of York, 5,018 tons, Captain J Wilson, arrived here yesterday from Liverpool, June 4, with a general cargo and passengers.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Friday, 23rd June, should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

R I M S Northbrook .. B H Jones ....R I Marine
R I M S Mayo...Lt Comdr ..G V Forteath...RI Marine
R I M S Palinurus ......Lt W Taylor ......Survey Vessel

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—June 24.

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Banca...............3794 Colyer ....P & O Co
Coniscliffe ......2485 Pottinger ...W & A Graham & Co
Claverack.........2441 Tayler ......W & A Graham & Co
Dwarka ....759 Moxon ....M M & Co
Earl of Elgin...2871 Robertson .. W & A Graham & Co
Gymeric..............2558 Williams ....E Tajbhoy
Gallea.............. 555 Wratt.....................K Nixon & Co
Glenstrae ......3054 McGillivray...W&A Graham & Co
Hoeemie..............993 Hughes ....B & P S N Co
Hatumet...2584 Peters ...... W & A Graham & Co
Inverness...........2401 Venus ....T Morrison & Co
Maranca..............805 Kaes murin ....M M & Co
Marienfels........ 3590 Satthart ...W & A Graham & Co
Nairung........ 2862 Park.....................T Morrison & Co
Rokeby ....2455 Sheldrake...W& A Graham & Co
Shah Jehan ....2565 Born ....Shah S N Co
Scharzfels.........3333 Siebji ...W & A Graham & Co
Umsinga.............1869 Robertson ...W & A Graham & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—June 24.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel. Ton Capt. Dest. Date. Agents.
A Tosa Maru...3610 Satow...Kobe...29-6 ...N Y Kaisha
B Coniscliffe...2572 Charles.........Hull ......27-6... W & A Graham & Co
C&R Clan Shaw......2504 Hunter......Dunkirk...1-7... J Finlay & Co
F Clan Farquhar...3759 Wadge .. ...N F......N F...... J Finlay & Co
M Salcette ... 2391 Lewellin...Aden...1-7...P and O Co
N Fife ....2494 Harrison...Philadelphia ...1-7... T Morrison & Co
O Norkoowa ...1074 Hugo...Mauritius via Karachi.... 24-6...B & H S N Co
P Claverley.........2440 Kragh......Dunkirk...23-6 .. T Morrison & Co
Q Dorrington Court ....2363 Wilson...Antwerp ..28-6 W & A Graham & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Ariosto.........2760 Bradley ......Karachi......2-7... J Finlay & Co
3 Berbera...2791 Packham Antwerp 28-6 M M & Co
4 Asama ..2705 Hume...Dunkirk...30-6 ...T M & Co
5 Clan Graham......3289 Elliott ...Dunkirk...30-6 .. W & A Graham & Co
6 Lichtenfels ..3528 Freedon......Hamburg ...28-6... W & A Graham & Co
8 Marquis...Bacquehem ...2752 Carmelich ...Trieste 1-7...A L S N Co
10&11 City of Paris ..5910 Campbell ...Karachi...28-6 K Nixon & Co
12&13 Himalaya...3705 Gregor ....London ...1-7... P & O Co
14 Linga...951 Rothwell ..Karachi...30-6...M M & Co
15 Koerber.........3157 Cosulich.........Trieste...1-7... A L S N Co
16 Waroonga.........1609 Whytehead ...Busreh...28-6 M M & Co

H W P D

Courland...760 Ebrahim ...N F...N F...Bo S N Co Ld
Netravati...609...Fakeera ...N F...N F...Bo S N Co Ld
Sabarmati...524 Ahmed..... N F...N F...Bo S N Co Ld

M W D D

Sofala.........3426 Bowman ...N F...N F...M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

June	Vessels	Commanders	From
24	M'quis Bacquehem	Carmilick ...	Trieste, June 5
	Ariasto	Bradley	Hull, May 28
	Umsinga..........	Robertson ...	Natal, June 3
	Dwarka	Moxon	Karachi, June 22
25	Kola..............	Morrison	Busreh, June 18
	City of York ...	Wilson	Liverpool, June 4

DEPARTURES.

June	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
24	Daltonhall	Gorst	Calcutta,
	Stagpool	Campbell........	Marseilles
	Toronto	Pickering	Hull via K'chi
	Devanha	Powell..........	Aden
	Nippon..............	Tarabochia	Kobe, &c
	Zillah	Webber	Calcutta
25	Umballa	Rait	Karachi

The steamer Claverley, Kragh, for Dunkirk and Hamburg, obtained her port clearance on Saturday.

The steamer Perlak, for Rangoon, began to load on Saturday.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Societa' Nazionale Di Servizi Marittimi Co's steamer R Rubattino from Bombay left Aden for Genoa, on the 23rd instant.

THE FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

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Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	......	Via Bamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 25th June, 1911.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates.			Time Occupied in Transmission	
	D.	H	M.	Hrs.	Mtr.
Turkey ...	24	8	24 p. m.	6	24
Teheran ...	25	11	35 a. m.	...	54
Suez	25	1	35 p. m.	...	51

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Arizpe, Babicora, Banamichi, Ityres, Huimanguillo, Cardenas, and Cunduacan Mexico will not be accepted until further notice, (14-4-11).

Telegrams for Rabat and Casablanca in Morocco, are subject to very great delay (12-5-11).

Turkish route Restored. (24-3-11).

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AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

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White Rose, 150 deg.	5	12	2	do.
Chester, 125 deg.	4	12	2	do.
Devoes Brilliant 125 deg. ...	4	8	2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4	8	2	do.
Monkey, 125 deg.	4	0	2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins).	3	10	0	per two tins.
Elephant, 125 deg. (in tins)..	3	10	0	do.
do. 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3	0	0	per 8 gallons
Camel 125 deg. (in tins)......	3	10	0	per two tins

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THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

⁂ All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Monday, 26th June, 1911.

A REMEDY FOR DEPOPULATION.

THE force that attracts people from the country to the town is much stronger and more constant than the power that draws men in the opposite direction. Though it is some time since the cry of "Back to the Land" was raised and since philanthropic and far-seeing students of the dangers that threaten the life of the State, made attempts to prevent the deterioration in the population of the country that follows flocking into the towns, the stream still flows on citywards with the too familiar result of a decadent physique in the town-born and town-reared children of the rural immigrants. A scheme has been thought out by Lord Lovat and Captain Sterling of Keir, with the useful purpose of averting the depopulation of the breezy Highlands of Bonnie Scotland. This is held to be so grave a problem, that it forms the subject of a Report by the Royal Scottish Arboricultural Society, and it has been discussed in the House of Commons during the Debate on the Small Landholders' Bill. Every speaker tried to explain it away but no practical remedy for the depopulation was offered, until these two Scottish landlords put their experienced heads together and called into their deliberations experts in foresty, in grazing, in timber manufacture and land management. The result is a comprehensive outline of an afforestation scheme formulated, according to a journalist critic, with scientific precision and care. Recommendations at large and general advice seldom meet the difficulties of a definite case, so Lord Lovat and Captain Sterling selected a particular district which might offer "a concrete example" in a small way of what may be attempted hereafter on a larger scale. This is Glen Mor, a tract containing 60,000 acres of plantable ground through which the Caledonian Canal, valuable as an outlet and depot for the products of the Glen, runs.

There is no intention of ousting farmers or bringing in city-folk to harm afforestation, first, because there are only 900 acres of land fit for cultivation in the valley and they will not be interfered with, and secondly, because it is considered that the crofters and the farm-labourers are the classes whose habits and interests are tied up in the land and whom it is desirable to keep there instead of allowing them, for want of employment, to rush to the towns. It is calculated that 900 acres of arable land would support forty-five or ninety families according as each holding was of twenty or ten acres. If the same area be afforested 300 families could be supported there in the first twenty years and after forty years 600 families could be provided for. This is a very satisfactory rate of progress, seeing, as the critic says, that forests do not grow in a night, except in fairy tales. Glen Mor would be a paradise for the Forest Officer as it contains woodland enough to afford immediate ground for accurate calculation of possibilities, and it has as well a share of all the difficulties that can be met with in such an area, for it is dotted over with sheep farms, agricultural farms, deer forests, grouse moors and every rural condition that can exercise the ingenuity of the forest authority. But the scheme does not propose the planting of these holdings to any indiscreet extent. Part of the proposal is that 18,000 acres of the best planting ground should be obtained by the Forest authority at a net rent of less than half a crown an acre.

Here it is suggested that a resident population might be created who would be entirely occupied with forestry, each family holding land sufficient to keep them in food and milk, and to provide work when the forest was at rest. This would mean fifteen weeks' farming and thirty or forty weeks at forestry, while the shooting lodges through the district would supply occupation during the game season. The cost of establishing each croft is estimated at £40 per annum, the wages paid to each forest labourer being eighteen shillings a week. When the timber is ready for felling it is expected that the pitwood and timber value of the fine conifers that Scotland can grow will be considerable, but it is not thought that it can compete with foreign pulp or cellulose. Lord Lovat is convinced that the scheme would not only pay its way, but would return a profit, besides accomplishing the desirable purpose of keeping the rural population in the country and enabling them to live there a comfortable, healthy life. Of course, the general scheme embraces far more of Scotland than Glen Mor and suggests the creation of a Central Forest authority to deal with all the forest interests of Scotland from the education of forest officers to the conversion and disposal of forest products. It would investigate the silvicultural possibilities of the whole country and draw up plans grounded on the varieties of soil, climate and population of the different districts, the chief purpose being the maintenance of as large a resident population as possible on the land. To turn to account soil that is too poor to cultivate by planting and to make the process afford a living to a greater number of people than farming could do, seems a simple way out of the depopulation difficulty, and the framers of the Report of the Royal Scottish Arboricultural Society deserve the credit due to the man who makes two blades of grass grow where one grew before. But will it stop the tendency to seek not only employment, but excitement in the turmoil of city life?

CORONATION VISITORS.

THE wonderful crowds, which we have read of as tirelessly thronging the London streets and in spite of sleepless nights returning to sight-seeing with undiminished zest, must have given a splendid harvest of gold for the London shopkeepers. The majority of them, of course, were holiday-makers from the provinces whose stay in London was limited to a day or two, but their average expenditure on this occasion was considerably enhanced by the fact that they had to spend so many hours in the streets, and they must have left an enormous sum in the hands of hotel, restaurant and inn-keepers. Besides these however, there are a high number—an altogether unprecedented concourse—of wealthy and well-to-do visitors from overseas, whose stay in London will be a lengthy one and who are not afraid to pay enhanced Coronation rates. At a low computation it was estimated, when the mail left, that the number of visitors then in London from the overseas dominions and India, from the United States and from the Continent was no less than a quarter of a million. No doubt by the time that the actual Coronation Day had arrived this figure again had been materially increased. The expenses of these people, striking a general average, are put down at about £2 a day including hotel bills, travelling and amusements, so that at that rate about half a million pounds sterling has been daily finding its way into the tills of the English tradesmen. Of this amount quite £100,000 may be regarded as profit over and above ordinary charges. All of this money of course, has not found its way into Londoner's pockets. Provincial tradesmen have had their share. For while many of the visitors have decided to remain in London until the Coronation festivities are over, spending their time sight-seeing at the innumerable attractions which just now present an almost embarrassing choice, others have determined on more or less extended tours through the country. Excursion trains, filled with colonials and others have been leaving the great railway stations daily for such places as Stratford-on-Avon, Chester, York, Salisbury and Stonehenge, Edinburgh, and even as far as Ireland, coaching trips and the steamboats, have also had their share of patronage. A strange feature of this holiday crowd is that it contains few Americans. The reason, it is conjectured, is that they have been frightened away by reports that London is full and that prices are highly extortionate. As a matter of fact, however, London's vast resources have been, by no means, exhausted. Although, naturally, prices were everywhere enhanced, it was still possible to obtain accommodation at a reasonable figure, and one of the principal tourist agencies stated, a fortnight ago, that for some of their clients they had secured quite adequate and comfortable accommodation for 7/6 per day. Prices, such as these, however, will be paid by few. The Coronation visitors for the most part are people with money and a disposition to spend it. Our colonial cousins, whatever their faults may be, cannot as a rule be accused of meanness. They at this Coronation have flocked to England in their thousands, forming as we have said such an unprecedented concourse that the defection of the Americans has passed almost unnoticed. All the dominions are well represented, but the impression is that the Australian visitors are the most numerous.

DEATH OF M. ROUVIER.

THE somewhat sudden death of M. Maurice Rouvier removes a prominent figure from public life in France. He had only been ailing for four days before being carried off by congestion of the lungs. M. Rouvier was born in 1842, and after the revolution of September 4, 1870, was named Secretary-General of the Prefecture of the Bouches-du-Rhone, being elected to the National Assembly next year and to the Chamber of Deputies in 1877. His first Ministry was that of Commerce and the Colonies, under Gambetta, in 1881. He held the same portfolio of Commerce under M. Jules Ferry, in 1884, and in 1887 he took the Presidency of the Council and the Ministry of Finance. M. Rouvier held this important portfolio under the Presidencies of MM. Tirard, Freycinet, Loubet, and Ribort, but retired in 1892. Implicated in the Panama scandals, he was acquitted, and once more took the Ministry of Finance, under M. Combes, in 1902, and in 1905 was again President, with the portfolio of Finance, until he took that of M Delcasse, on June 17, after the visit of the Kaiser to Tangier. It was he who took France to the Algeciras Conference. M. Rouvier's Ministry continued up to 1906, when it was defeated on a question connected with the Law of Separation of Church and State Since then M. Rouvier had not taken any very open part in politics, although his influence had always remained considerable in the Chamber, specially in all questions connected with finance. His long experience as Finance Minister was no less valuable than his private practice, as controlling perhaps the most powerful, and certainly the most enterprising, group of French banks. At the time of his death he was President of the Financial Committee of the Senate, and his sudden removal will probably still further delay the voting of the already long postponed Budget. Reuter's correspondent who telegraphs that M. Rouvier was taken ill when he returned from the country to his residence at Neuilly-sur-Seine, sends the following additional details of the statesman's life:—M. Rouvier first entered the legal profession, practising as an advocate at Marseilles. In 1871 he was elected to the National Assembly as an Extreme Radical. In 1877 he obtained a seat as a Republican in the Chamber of Deputies. He was Minister of Commerce and the Colonies in 1881-2 in the Gambetta Cabinet, and was again Minister of Commerce in the Ferry Cabinet, 1884-5. His skill in finance and his reputation and connection in the business world procured him rapid advancement and in 1887 he became Prime Minister and Minister of Finance, but resigned at the time of the Wilson decorations scandal, thus bringing about the fall of President Grevy.

IMPERIAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

THE Imperial Legislative Council will meet at Simla on September 8th and will have a brief session of three meetings. It is expected that a number of non-official members will be present. Among the measures likely to be introduced are a Bill to prohibit the sale and importation of white phosphorous and Bills to amend the Opium and Forest Acts. The Indian Marriage Bill and the Court Fees Bill will be advanced. Among other new bills are, a bill relating to the endowment of the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Baronetcy and probably a Bill to supplement the provisions of the Calcutta Improvement Bill by providing for an appeal to the High Court for certain awards passed by the Tribunal. The Calcutta session will commence in January and among the bills likely to be taken up are the Lunacy Bill, a small Excise Bill for the Central Provinces, the Northern India Salt Bill, the General Delegation Bill and Bills relating to the Administrator-General and Official Trustees of Bengal. A Bill to amend the Indian Post Office Act and a Bill to amend the Indian Telegraph Act are also under discussion. The Life Insurance Bill is now before the Secretary of State and a Bill relating to the Companies Act has now been sent to local Governments for their opinions. The non-official Bills relating to Elementary Education, Wakaf, and Marriage will be further advanced.

SIR LOUIS DANE will take charge of the Lieutenant-Governorship of the Punjab at Delhi, on July 29 next, on the expiry of his leave.

LIEUT.-COLONEL R.E. Grimston, 6th Cavalry, is gazetted Military Secretary to His Majesty the King and is granted the temporary rank of Brigadier-General.

THE French Government, at Chandernagore, has proclaimed by beat of drums that all fire-arms shall be registered within a month, failing which the owner shall be prosecuted. An annual tax of one rupee will be levied for each fire-arm to make up the deficit in the Budget.

A FRONTIER correspondent reports from Dera Ismail Khan, that two mail bags were looted on the road between Sarwakai and Murtaza on June 21. A small gang of outlaws from Waziristan were concerned in this robbery.

THE total approximate gross earnings of State and guaranteed railways from April 1 to June 10, 1911, show a gain of Rs. 5,361,434 as compared with the corresponding figures for 1910-1911.

MRS. TORRENS, wife of Mr. C. Torrens of the Land Records Department, Burma, died at Bangalore, rather suddenly on Friday night. The deceased lady had been ailing for some months, but her death was not expected.

Two men, named Nundo Lall and Tarak Charan, have been arrested by the Budge-Budge Police on a charge of murdering a villager of Sowariah, named Shamboo Charan Payan. A dispute had arisen over cattle and the accused are said to have waylaid Payan and hacked him to death with daos.

MR. A. E. DUNLOP, District Magistrate of Pabna, is engaged in hearing a case of sedition. In this case the accused, a young Bengalee student, is alleged to have written a number of letters containing objectionable matter. The accused has proposed to offer an apology to the Government, if he be pardoned. The proposal has been submitted to the local Government by the Magistrate who is awaiting orders.

NAWAB FATEH ALI KAZILBASH, who was appointed arbitrator in a suit brought by Bibi Khadya Shirm, daughter-in-law of Sardar Ayub Khan, brother of the ex-Amir, against her brother Sardar Abdul Rahaman for her share in her father's inheritance, has awarded the plaintiff Rs. 46,000. Mr. Alfred Nundy, Barrister-at-law, appeared on the 23rd, and formally expressed acceptance of the award on behalf of the Deputy Commissioner, Rawalpindi, who is a guardian of the person and property of Sardar Abdul Rahaman.

As the result of Conferences between Sir John Anderson, the Governor of the Straits Settlements, and the shipping interests, the recent shipping ordinances are likely to be repealed.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

ITALIAN JUBILEE.

Disaffection in Portugal.

WINE TROUBLES IN FRANCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, JUNE 10.

THE great monument to King Victor Emmanuel II was inaugurated in Rome, on Sunday, the occasion being the celebration of the granting of the Constitution by King Charles Albert in 1848. The King and Queen, Queen Maria Pia of Portugal, all the Ministers, and leading members of both Houses of Parliament were present at the ceremony, which was essentially a national one. All the provinces of Italy have joined in sending to Rome delegates and deputations to emphasise the idea of the unity of the country as set forth in this memorial. The mayors from large and small towns numbered nearly 8,000. The so-called Altar of the Fatherland, the massive base on which the gilded equestrian statue of Victor Emmanuel stands, was surrounded by the flags of all the Italian regiments, and about it were gathered deputations from the army, and all the veterans of the War of Independence, wearing their old uniforms. The red shirts of the Garibaldians were conspicuous. The King, the Prime Minister, and his colleagues were on the smaller platform on the level of the statue. The Piazza was packed with people, the centre being reserved for some thousands of boys and girls from the schools. After a speech by Signor Giolitti, the Premier, who dwelt on the significance of the monument as an embodiment of the history of the Third Italy, the drapery fell at a given signal, and the gigantic gilded statue was displayed to view amidst the enthusiastic cheers of the people.

The monument itself is the most colossal structure of the kind in the world. The most celebrated artists of each province of Italy have worked at the hundreds of statues, reliefs, and marble and bronze decorations so that the whole represents the combined genius of the Kingdom. It is so placed that the statue of the King-Liberator in gilded bronze can be seen at the distance of a mile, shining against the white marble of the colonnade forming its background. The statue itself is 40ft. high. The entire length of the monument with its white marble portico, quadrigae, statues, groups, and other accessories, is over 500ft., and the extreme heigh is 250ft. The whole design is the work of the architect Giuseppe Sacconi, who died in 1905. In the course of the unveiling ceremony King Victor Emmanuel passed before the few survivors of Garibaldi's British Legion, who occupied a prominent place among the Italian Garibaldian veterans. Noticing the British colours which were carried by Mr. Henry Noble, of Exeter, his Majesty, remarked: "This is the flag of the brave British Legion," and at the same time saluted in military fashion, while the flag was lowered. This afternoon the British survivors, carrying their colours, took part in the procession to the Pantheon to visit the tombs of King Victor Emmanuel and King Humbert. They were accorded a sympathetic reception by the crowd. Inside the Pantheon Commendator Lazzaro, one of the Italian veterans, addressed the visitors, recalling the ties of brotherhood which they and their Italian comrades fighting on the same battlefields had cemented with their blood, thus uniting Great Britain and Italy.

DISAFFECTION IN PORTUGAL.

Perplexity in regard to the political situation is still the dominant feeling in Oporto. The shopkeepers are complaining, as they have been for some time, that there is no business being done, and many express their dissatisfaction with the present state of the country for this reason, attributing their undoubtedly unhappy position to the present form of Government.

The Government, on their side, continue to take steps to prevent the spread of alarming reports, and have made several arrests, although in most cases the prisoners have been released after being interrogated by the police. But more drastic still are the orders which have been issued to shipping agents not to accept any Portuguese passengers going north without passports, in order to prevent their joining the plotters in Spain or increasing the feeling of unrest now existing by emigrating. In connection with the reported Monarchist plots, a certain amount of attention has been turned to Vianna, a small port about 40 miles north of Oporto, where arms are supposed to have been smuggled into the country, owing to the publication of a letter from the Civil Governor explaining, that the reason of his resignation was that the military commander of the district has refused to place at his orders sufficient troops to effect the capture of some conspirators in the neighbourhood. The sudden and unexplained death of two Monarchist officers has also given rise to a good deal of comment there, and it is suggested that there may have been foul play. As a further proof of the inability, or unwillingness, of the Provisional Government to enforce law and order, I may mention the fact that in the case of a strike in Oporto, but recently terminated, of all riverside workers, the employers had to give way to the demands of the men almost solely on account of the absence of police protection for their property. For this I can vouch as I happened to be a witness of the extraordinary spectacle of men boarding lighters, letting go anchors, and cutting tow ropes, to prevent the craft being moved. This was in full view of troops told off to guard property, without the slightest protest on their part.

"FREE" ELECTIONS.

A good deal of importance has been attached by the Republicans to the elections which took place yesterday, as they hope that the Republic will be formally recognised by foreign Powers on the convocation of the Constituent Assembly next month, and they tried without success at any rate in the north to raise some kind of enthusiasm among the voters. It may be well to remember, however, that the conditions under which these elections were held were quite abnormal. For an Englishman accurately to comprehend what the actual situation was when the "elections" took let him suppose that England is, say under a Socialist Government that the Conservative leaders are prevented from taking any active part in politics, that the opposition newspaper offices have been sacked or the papers suppressed for successfully defending themselves against the attacks of the populace, connived at by the authorities; that the Lord Chancellor, together with three judges of the High Court of Justice, have been "transferred" to some British dependency, after having been openly threatened by the Home Secretary with this penalty in case they decided to absolve a former Prime Minister against the wishes of the Government, that the right of meeting is denied any one holding opposite views to the Government; and that many Conservative voters have been struck off the register. Then he may get a fairly true idea of the real significance of the "elections in Portugal." It is hardly necessary to say that Monarchists under these conditions totally abstained from voting at these "free elections," and it is instructive to read in this evening's newspapers letters from Republican voters protesting against the illegal practices resorted to. Many are people who were disillusioned by the fiasco of yesterday's "free elections"!

WINE TROUBLES IN FRANCE.

The French Government had a foretaste on Thursday of what may be expected if ever the decree delimiting the champagne districts and its annexes are laid before the Chamber for discussion. There was no mistaking the general sense of the House when the suggestion for abolishing all delimitation was hailed with resounding cries of "Yes, yes!" from every side. Deprived of its head (M. Monis) the Cabinet cut but a sorry figure, and on an important question, such as this has become, it stood confessed to have changed its mind three times in the same day. The first mistake was made by M. Antoine Perrier, the Minister of Justice, who replaces M. Monis on the Front Bench, and who began by asking the Chamber to put off the interpellations on the decree until the drafts of the annexed laws were laid on the table. He added that the decree would not be published until the Chamber had fixed a date for discussing the interpellations. Here was a surprise, for the acting head of the Government directly contradicted the official "communique" issued after the Council of Ministers in the morning stating that the decree would be published on the morrow. His own colleagues, indeed, reproached M. Perrier with this, and he could think of nothing better to do than to seize his hat and drive off to consult M. Monis. Towards six o'clock he returned with a letter from the President saying that the publication of the decree would be delayed for 24 hours, but that the annexed projects of laws giving the right of appeal against the delimitation of the decree were of general application—and so, in other words, the Government adopted completely the views of the Council of State, for which it assumed the responsibility. The reading of this letter produced anything but a good effect. Finally, on the suggestion of M. Caillaux, Minister of Finance, that a Government could only be judged by its acts, and therefore it would be best to wait till the decree was published, the Chamber agreed to give Monday for the interpellations. To-day, however, a new interpellation was put down by the deputy for the Aube, asking bluntly for abolition of the delimitation, and the Cabinet met this afternoon to discuss what had best be done. They decided that, though in principle they were not opposed to examining the whole situation over again with a view to finding some better solution, they could not allow deliminations already established to be demolished by a sudden debate, and would make it a question of confidence. Meanwhile the Government has again changed its mind for the fourth or fifth time and resolved not to produce its draft law for appeal against the delimitation. The task of upholding the Government view will devolve upon M. Caillaux, who is certainly the most capable of all the interested Ministers of carrying the members with him.

THE REVOLT IN ALBANIA.

The semi-official "Fremdenblatt" on Thursday, in an article on the revolt in Albania, says:—"The serious news from Albania is calculated to dash the hopes once entertained that the blessing of peace were at last to be enjoyed by that country. The methods of repression employed in the revolt in the spring of 1910 and the subsequent attempt to enforce disarmament on the population prepared the ground for the present rising. Last year the unnecessary severity of the Turkish Government's action in Albania caused Austro-Hungarian diplomacy to draw attention to the doubtful value of an enterprise whose issue could only be not the subjection of the Albanian mind to the Turkish ideal, but the sullen silence of a nation with whose loyalty the existence of European Turkey is bound up. "Nevertheless the Turkish Government has adhered in the recent revolt of the Albanians to its methods of ruthless rigour. The recently reported movement among the Mirdites may perhaps help the Constantinople Cabinet to recognise the injudiciousness of its Albanian policy and the good intentions of the counsels repeatedly proffered by Austria-Hungary. The special qualities of the Albanian clans call for special treatment in the direction of an enlightened and truly Liberal Government. The Albanian people cannot be bent; they must be conciliated. The raising of their economic well-being would be the best means of welding Albania to the Ottoman Empire. The lively interest with which public opinion in Austria-Hungary has followed the latest vagaries of Turkish policy in Albania is not only in accordance with the kindly sentiments of the Dual Monarchy for the Ottoman Empire, but also with its ancient sympathies for the Albanians of all three creeds, especially in view of the protectorate which it exercises over Catholicism Albania. "If Austria-Hungary has declared that the Albanian situation is a Turkish question, yet her desire for the continuance of European Turkey and its traditional relations to the Albanians justifies the diplomacy of the Dual Monarchy in expressing its views concerning a policy that has led to an indefensible situation." The article has attracted considerable attention in Constantinople, although the local Press has not yet had time for comment. The article has produced an impression in official circles, which however, do not share the sudden pessimism of the semi-official Viennese organ. On the contrary, the Porte declares that the news from the Malissori country is reassuring and the rising is considered to be nearing its end. The total Turkish losses in the campaign have thus far been about 300, including 260 wounded.

ATTACK ON BRITISH NAVAL POLICY.

The "Kreuz Zeitung," the official organ of the Conservatives, makes the approval of the Declaration of London by the Imperial Conference the occasion for a bitter attack on British naval policy in the past and present. It says that doubts cannot be suppressed as to whether the British, under another Government would, in case of war, strictly adhere to the codified laws of naval warfare. Even Sir Edward Grey's statement before the conference on June 1 that only the supremacy of the British Fleet could secure the country's safety in time of war was, the journal declares not quite in harmony with the new code of, naval warfare. Not less questionable, it says, was Lord Morley's assurance in the House of Lords on March 8 that in the opinion of the Admiralty in the existing circumstances the effect of the Declaration on Great Britain's conduct of naval war would be slight and unimportant. The journal quotes utterances of Lord Ellenborough and Sir Gerald Noel, and also the claim that Great Britain must blockade the North Sea in time of war and argues that would the changing of party government in Great Britain such intentions, if it suited the military position, might be carried into effect. History shows, the newspaper declares, that the worst is to be feared from Great Britain. In conclusion the "Kruez Zeitung" notes with satisfaction that neutral powers have arisen whom even Great Britain must deal with cautiously. That Great Britain in now willing to make concession for the protection of neutral weaker States proves that in view of possible coalitions she regards the establishment of international rules of naval warfare as useful in her own interest.

TURCO-GREEK RELATIONS.

According to a further Greek semi-official statement regarding the encounter which took place on the frontier on Sunday, some Turkish soldiers, who had occupied strong positions during the night with the intention of attacking Greek posts, opened fire on some Greek soldiers proceeding from Scamandria to Dereli, and the fire was kept up until eleven o'clock. A Greek lieutenant, with the object of putting a stop to the Turkish fire, opened a fusillade as the result of which four Turkish soldiers and a corporal were killed. The Greeks suffered no loss. The Turks, it is added, also fired on houses in the Greek village of Dereli.

A Sofia message of Tuesday's says:—M. Gueshoff, Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs, speaking at Vratza to-day, reiterated his previous statements with regard to the pacific policy of the Bulgarian Government, and said that the recent incidents on the Turco-Bulgarian frontier would prejudicially affect the good relations between Bulgaria and Turkey only if the Government of Sofia or that of Constantinople wished them to serve such a purpose. Bulgaria had no desire of the kind, and if the Turks showed themselves as willing to seek out and punish the guilty as the Bulgarians had been to deal with possible culprits on their side of the frontier, the incidents would have no consequences.

CHANDERNAGORE GAOL RIOT.

Gaoler Decorated for Bravery

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 24.

Of the three Madrasi prisoners who were shot by the Gaoler during the recent riot in the Chandernagore Gaol, one died in the hospital and the others have recovered. The French Government will present a good service medal to Babu Benomali Chakravarti, Gaoler of Chandernagore, for bravery and doing his duty manfully during the riot.

WATER-WORKS FOR URAN.

THE Bombay Government has issued the following resolution:—

H. E. the Governor in Council desires publicly to express his high appreciation of the generosity of Khan Bahadur Hormasji Manekji Bhivandivala in having offered to contribute the sum of one lakh of rupees towards the cost of the proposed water-works for Uran and the salt-tract (kharapat) villages of the Peta. His Excellency in Council notes with pleasure that the municipality and the local board have each promised contributions of Rs. 25,000, and that other subscriptions amounting to Rs. 50,000 have also been promised. A scheme is now under preparation, and when it has been received, final orders will be passed. As requested by Khan Bahadur Hormasji, the water-works on completion will be named after His Majesty King George V.

CORONATION CELEBRATIONS.

GREAT REVIEW AT SPITHEAD.

World's Most Impressive Naval Spectacle.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JUNE 23.

The illuminations were repeated to-night in London, but a steady downpour of rain reduced the crowds and damped the holiday-making spirit.

Last night's continuous roar, indicative of the unrestrained enjoyment of the delighted multitudes, was markedly absent.

LONDON, JUNE 24.

The fleet at Spithead was illuminated yesterday evening. In spite of the downpour, there were crowds of boats filled with sightseers. On shore, bluejackets of all nations fraternized in the most cordial manner.

The King and Queen, to-day, witnessed the most impressive naval spectacle the world has seen, when they reviewed the British Fleet off Spithead. Nearly every vessel in this year's review had been built since 1902, and those who were present at the last review could not fail to be struck by the remarkable advance shown in construction.

The feature of the scene was undoubtedly the first battle squadron of the Home Fleet, consisting of eight Dreadnoughts. The fleet, in all, included 32 battleships, of which twelve were Dreadnoughts. There were also six squadrons of cruisers, prominent among which were the latest additions, the "Indomitable," the "Invincible," the "Inflexible," and the "Indefatigable."

Another very striking feature was a fleet of seventy destroyers, ugly, ominous and business-like in appearance.

Lastly, there were eight submarines, two of each of the four classes, which, though seemingly insignificant beside the great battleships, attracted considerable notice.

Altogether, there were about 180 British and foreign war vessels present.

Arriving at Portsmouth, to-day, Their Majesties embarked in the Royal yacht, "Victoria and Albert", which left harbour and, amid thunderous salutes of guns, and the cheering of the crews, steamed slowly down the lines of gaily decked warships, which lay in ten long lines. After the review, the Royal yacht left for Cowes Roads. The weather was cool and cloudy.

Although the strike had laid up a number of steamers, the pageant was on an enormous scale, scores of great liners passing through the lines, besides a flotilla of yachts.

The shores at Portsmouth and Southampton were packed with spectators.

After thrice passing along the different lines, the Royal yacht anchored next to the French warship "Danton," abreast of Admiral Sir W. Moore's flag-ship, after which, King George received the British and foreign Admirals on the Royal yacht.

The review was a magnificent success, the latter part of day being brilliantly sunny. The King and Queen viewed the illuminations of the fleet from the platform of the semaphore tower in the Dockyard.

The King, replying to the Mayor's welcome, said that at every visit to Portsmouth, he found an improvement in naval construction and organisation. He looked forward to future developments of naval strength and power.

The King's Messages.

King George has sent messages of thanks, (1) to the Duke of Norfolk, Earl Marshal, saying that nothing could have been more satisfactory than everything connected with the most beautiful and sacred service in the Abbey, and (2) to the Lord Mayor expressing his great appreciation of the patience and tact of the police, whose conduct was generally admired by the foreign guests.

Their Majesties, the foreign Royalties and envoys attended a banquet at the Foreign Office yesterday evening.

AUSTRALIAN NEW NAVY.

Launch of First Dreadnought.

TRIESTE, JUNE 25.

The launch of the much-heralded first Austrian Dreadnought, "Viribus Unitis," took place here with great ceremony yesterday. The Archduke Francis Joseph, in a speech, said that other similar ships would follow; then the fleet would be compatible with the greatness of Austria and able to safeguard the maritime interests of the country. The Emperor sent a message of cordial congratulation.

AMERICAN RAILWAY AMALGAMATION.

Important Decision.

LONDON, JUNE 25.

The United States circuit court at St. Louis has given an important judgment, declaring that the amalgamation of the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific Railway lines is legal.

SULTAN OF TURKEY'S TOUR.

SALONIKA, JUNE 25.

The Sultan has sailed for Constantinople on the completion of his Macedonian tour.

NEW GERMANO-JAPANESE TREATY.

BERLIN, JUNE 25.

A new Germano-Japanese commercial treaty has been signed.

THE SEAMEN'S STRIKE.

Hull Dock-hands Cease Work.

STEAMERS WITHOUT CREWS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JUNE 23.

The dock-labourers at Hull have joined the strike and shipping is paralysed.

The crews of the Royal Mail and the Union Castle Lines are signing on at Southampton.

LONDON, JUNE 24.

The Glasgow, Anchor and Donaldson lines have conceded the seamen's demands. The Anchor line's dockers struck immediately and received an advance.

The White Star line has arranged terms with the strikers at Southampton.

LIVERPOOL, JUNE 25.

Mr. Tom Mann, in a manifesto, has ordered the Union seamen, employed by forty-six firms in the Shipping Federation, to come out on Monday.

Shipping in the Firth of Forth is at a standstill.

Thirty-seven steamers at Leith are without crews.

The shipowners at Rotterdam consider they are masters of the situation and have demanded that the strikers surrender unconditionally.

FRENCH MILITARY POLICY.

Causes Resignation of Cabinet.

PARIS, JUNE 23.

After an interpellation on the subject of the Government's military policy, the Chamber adopted, by 238 to 224 votes, a resolution, stating that it did not accept the Government's explanation. The Cabinet thereupon resigned.

The crisis is the sequel to the debate in the Senate on the 20th instant, when General Goiran, who succeeded the late M. Berteaux, as War Minister, stated that there was at present no Commander-in-Chief of the French Forces. The Government preferred having several chiefs in the field, each acting freely in the district assigned to him, the chief command remaining in the hands of the Cabinet.

The Government, declared the Minister, absolutely refused to place the destinies of the country in the hands of a single man. That system had led to the disasters of 1814 and 1815.

PARIS, JUNE 24.

It is understood that the defeat of the Government is due to the resentment of the adversaries of electoral reform at the previous day's vote, in favour of proportional representation.

The possible successors of M. Monis are now divided into two classes, those in favour of proportional representation, and those opposed to it. The former class includes M. Briand, M. Delcasse and M. Caillaux, and the latter, the ex-Premier and M. Clemenceau.

RUSSIAN ARMY SCANDAL.

Officers Charged with Taking Bribes.

LONDON, JUNE 24.

The trial is proceeding at Moscow of 21 colonels, 28 captains and others connected with the Supply Department of the Army. They are charged with systematic extortion and taking bribes. The majority are appearing in uniform, with decorations.

Amazing revelations are being made. It is calculated that one firm alone, in the course of 25 years, has paid two millions sterling in bribes.

THE YEMEN CAMPAIGN.

LONDON, JUNE 24.

It would appear that the reverse of the Turks at Geezan, occurred during the advance of Mohammed Ali's expedition against Idrissee, at Abha, for the recapture of which two expeditions started, one under Mohammed Ali and the other under the Grand Shereef of Mecca.

THE EMPIRE ATHLETIC CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Result of Horse Show.

LONDON, JUNE 25.

At the Crystal Palace in the Empire Athletic championships, Canada gained three first prizes, the United Kingdom two, and Australasia none.

The horse show was closed yesterday. The French officers carried off the jumping honours, the Russians being second, the Belgians third, and the English fourth, while the Americans were unplaced.

CRICKET AT HOME.

The County Championship.

LONDON, JUNE 23.

Cambridge University defeated the M. C. C. by an innings and 133 runs at Lord's.

LONDON, JUNE 24.

Sussex beat Essex by four wickets at Leyton.

Lancashire drew with Surrey at Manchester, but led on the first innings.

Leicester drew with Derbyshire, but gained a first innings victory.

Notts drew with Kent at Nottingham, but led on the first innings.

Worcestershire beat Middlesex, by 168 runs.

Somersetshire beat Hampshire, by 101 runs.

Yorkshire drew with Northants at Dewsbury, either side gaining points.

THE MURDER OF MR. ASHE.

Further Arrests Made.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

TINNEVELLY, JUNE 24.

The son of a claimant to the Panjalamkurichi Zamindari living close to Maniyachi was arrested last night on a warrant issued by the first class Magistrate of Tinnevelly. The arrest was made on the evidence implicating him given by Mrs. Ashe, who has sufficiently recovered to make a statement. This accused appears to have travelled by the same train with the assassin. A search has also been made by the police, a strong party of whom under Mr. Johnson, Assistant Superintendent, went down to Maniyachi yesterday afternoon. A box of the assassin's has been traced on information given by the accused, Muthusamy, who was arrested in Tinnevelly. It had been handed over to relatives of Muthusamy, who, hearing of the assassination, had despatched it to Karunkulam village, fourteen miles from here. The box has been identified by the assassin's father.

Mr. George, Superintendent of Police, Travancore, having gathered details of the case here, left this morning for Shencottah to see to verifications in Travancore. Mr. Twigg left this morning for Madras.

The Allepy arrests reported by a correspondent are confirmed.

The police brought in by the noon train to-day, the son of the Zamindar of Panjalamkurichi, who was arrested near Maniyachi. He was produced before the Magistrate and released on bail.

A Madrasi youth named Pillay, a student of the National Medical College, has been arrested in connection with the Ashe murder case.

TINNEVELLY, JUNE 25.

Good progress has been made by the police during the past three days in the detection of suspects in connection with the Ashe outrage. Ten arrests have been made in different places, such as Alleppey, Shencottah, Tuticorin, Maniyachi and Madura and the evidence as at present gathered go to show that the deed was a result of conspiracy.

ARREST OF A MADRASSI IN CALCUTTA.

CALCUTTA, JUNE 25.

In consequence of telegraphic information received from South India Inspectors Robertson and S. C. Roy of the Calcutta police, with a number of C. I. D. officers, raided 51 Sagor Dutt's Lane, on Friday night. The house is occupied by a large number of Madrasis, some of whom are said to be known to Pillay, who, again, it is alleged is a relation of Chidambaran Pillay, one of those convicted some two years ago in the Tinnevelly riot cases. The house is the temporary residence of a South Indian who is alleged to be closely associated with the Tinnevelly anarchical outrage. The accused who only arrived in Calcutta from Tinnevelly District a few days ago is not a Brahmin by caste and is about 25 years of age. The accused's connection with the Tinnevelly outrage seems, it is alleged, to be established from the confessions made by some of the arrested persons at Tinnevelly. The close examination to which the letters seized from the house of the accused at Tinnevelly were subjected to also goes to show that the arrested man was on intimate terms with some of the accused. The officers on arrival at the residence of the suspect surrounded the premises and after completing the necessary arrangements proceeded to the room occupied by the accused who, on being made acquainted with the object of the visit, appeared to be somewhat astonished. However he submitted to the search of his temporary abode. In the course of the investigations the officers seized a good deal of correspondence and all the personal effects. The suspect's name has not as yet transpired neither is it known whether the correspondence seized is of an incriminating nature. The accused was placed this morning before Mr. C. Legatt, Deputy Commissioner of Police, Special Branch, who remanded him pending instructions from Tinnevelly. This will make the seventh arrest in connection with the case. The accused is at the Lall Bazar lock up.

LATER.

Further enquiries made this morning regarding the arrest of the Madrassi in Calcutta in connection with the murder of Mr. Ashe go to show that he arrived in Calcutta only on Tuesday last. His name is A. C. V. Pillay and comes from the village of Shencottah. He is aged about 23, a non-Brahmin and is said to have been a student of the National Medical School. He is being sent down to Madras under police escort together with articles seized at the search.

At a public meeting of the Brahmin Association of Rangoon on Wednesday a note of indignation was read and adopted. In the note, further, it was stated that it was most deplorable that the anarchist element should have penetrated amongst the peaceful inhabitants of the Madras Presidency. It behoved all of them to give their hearty support to strengthen the hands of the Government to take immediate and vigorous measures effectively to put a stop to such heinous and cowardly murders.

BURMA FOREST ACT.

Power to Levy Royalties.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JUNE 24.

Leave will be applied for at the next meeting of the Burma Legislative Council for the introduction of a Bill to amend the Burma Forest Act of 1902. The amendments are designed to effect a measure of decentralisation, as it is found that under the existing law numerous references have to be made to the Government of India to sanction the disafforestation of the small areas of forest-land by retaining the control of the Governor-General-in-Council. This Act will come into line with the course which Government propose to take in dealing with the Indian Forest Act. The Act will empower the Local Government to levy a royalty on manufactured lac and on the bye-products of lac. At present manufactured caoutchouc is the only manufactured forest produce subject to a royalty. It will also remove the necessity for the previous sanction of the Governor-General-in-Council, whenever the Local Government wish to impose a duty on forest produce brought from the territories to which the Burma Forest Act does not extend. The only case in which this previous sanction will now be required is in territory not under the control of local Government.

Sanction has been accorded to the conversion of six four-wheeled 3rd class carriages of the North-Western State Railway into combined ambulance and surgery carriages for use on that line.

THE IMPERIAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Business for Simla Session.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 25.

It is stated that the next session of the Imperial Legislative Council beginning on the 8th September will probably be limited to two or three meetings and in connection with the subject of legislative business, though somewhat extensive programme is now before the Government of India, but owing to various causes several of the more important measures have come to a temporary standstill. For example, the preparation of the proposed new Indian Companies Act cannot be undertaken until the opinions of the local Governments who were consulted as to suitableness of the provisions of the English statute for India have been considered from an administrative point of view and many points of substance, which have been raised, are decided. Again the two Bills to provide respectively for the better control of Life Assurance Companies in India and for the regulation of Provident Insurance Societies in India which were prepared and reported to the Secretary of State last year still await his orders. Further as all the replies of the local Governments who were consulted as to amendments required in the Code of Criminal Procedure have not yet been received, a revision of that Code remains in suspension.

There are, however, various measures already prepared or are in course of preparation which will, it is hoped, be ready to be dealt with in the September session of the Council. These include not only some small bills making unimportant amendments in the Indian Marriage Act, the Court Fees Act, the Opium Act and the Forest Act, but also larger measures which will probably be introduced and passed during that session. One is the bill to prohibit the manufacture, sale and importation of white phosphorous matches in India which is being proposed with the object of making India a party to the Berne Convention of 1906 prohibiting the use of white phosphorous in the manufacture of matches. Another is the Bill for the endowment of Baronetcy conferred upon Sir Cowasji Jehangir of Bombay. The third is the Bill to supplement the provisions of the Calcutta Improvement Bill by providing for appeal to the High Court from certain awards passed by the Tribunal to be constituted thereunder. It is also possible that the Co-operative Societies Bill may be referred to a Select Committee during the same session.

In addition to above bills there are considerable number of other measures, now under consideration, some of which may possibly be ready for introduction in Simla, but most of which must stand over to Calcutta. These Bills deal with a variety of subjects, among which are consolidating and amendment of the law relating to Lunacy, amendment of the Official Trustees Act of 1864 and the revision of law relating to Administrators General in India, re-enactment of the Indian Salt Act with certain modifications, the amendment of the Indian Telegraph Act and a bill consolidating excise law in the Central Provinces. There is also the Bill to amend the Indian Post Office Act so as to invest postal authorities with larger powers in dealing with the dissemination of objectionable literature.

Further the Secretary of State has agreed to a legislation in the matter of delegation of executive powers in certain cases which is the outcome of proposals of the Decentralization Commission and a Bill on this subject is being drafted. Three bills introduced by non-official members, last winter, namely, the Marriage Bill by Mr. Basu, the Elementary Education Bill by Mr. Gokhale and the Wakf Bill by Mr. Jinnah have all been circulated for criticism and opinions are being gradually received. But further progress of these measures, depends, in the first instance, on the action which may be taken by the members concerned.

THE "GERMAN COUNT."

Rearrested in Calcutta.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA JUNE, 24.

The Government of India caused Mr. Stallman, known as the "German Count," to be rearrested at Spence's Hotel Calcutta, on Tuesday last. It is rumoured that the extreme anxiety of the German Government to arrest him has nothing to do with the charge against him of card-sharping, but is connected with a recent trial at Leipzig and documents supposed to have been handed to the two British officers who are now serving their sentences.

NATAL EMIGRANTS RETURN TO MADRAS.

Satisfaction at Treatment Expressed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JUNE 24.

The s. s. "Umfuli" which left Natal on 26th April brought 350 returning emigrants to Madras. On being questioned by Mr. T. E. Moir, I.C.S., the Acting Protector of Emigrants, Madras, as to the treatment they received while in the colony, all with the exception of one time-expired emigrant, expressed themselves satisfied. The exception, whose name is Chongalraya Mantham, said that he had not been properly treated or cared for while he was ill. Representation has been made to the Protector of Emigrants, Durban, on the subject. Rs. 40,740 as savings were brought by the emigrants.

ISLAMIA COLLEGE FOR THE FRONTIER PROVINCE.

Liberal Donations.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 25.

Subscriptions for the proposal of the Islamia College in the North-West Frontier Province amount to about three lakhs of rupees. The local mullahs, including the followers of the well-known Hadda and Manki mullahs, have preached in favour of the college. The women have given jewellery and grain, and the villagers generally are interested in the movement. A rich lady of Peshawar city, a daughter of a famous Mullah, has presented a very valuable collection of Arabic manuscripts to the College Library. The Pathan officers and the men of the North Waziristan and Kurram, Military Corps, have sent in contributions of one month's pay and subscriptions have also been received from all ranks of the Chitral Scouts. The leading Khans of Swat have shown their interest in the project by giving suitable donations.

THE DELHI DURBAR.

Arrangements for Camps.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, JUNE 24.

The arrangements for the Government of India camps for the Durbar have greatly advanced. These camps will be allotted to the members of the Viceroy's Executive Council, the Chief Justice of Bengal, the several Judges of the Calcutta High Court, the Metropolitan, the Naval Commander-in-Chief, the Secretaries to the Government of India, the heads of departments and the additional members of the Viceroy's Legislative Council, including the Advocate-General. Those invited will have the privilege of bringing their wives and daughters.

Captain Allanson, who is now in Simla, is in charge of these arrangements.

MEDALS FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN.

SIMLA, JUNE 24.

The following Press communique is issued in the Education Department:—

The question of distributing medals, commemorative of the forthcoming Durbar at Delhi, among the pupils of educational institutions, as a part of the celebrations of December 12 next, is under the consideration of the Government of India and of the local Governments. Orders are being issued regarding the striking of these medallions at the Mint.

HINDUS AND MAHOMEDANS AT PESHAWAR.

Recent Feuds Ended.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 25.

In connection with the Hindu-Mahomedan riot at Peshawar in March, 1910, when a number of men of both classes were sentenced to imprisonment, it is stated that relations between the Hindus and the Mahomedans have since become so cordial that a joint petition signed by all the leading men of both parties has been submitted to the Chief Commissioner of the North-West Frontier Province asking for an amnesty for all prisoners in order to finally close the unpleasant incident and to remove any remaining traces of bitterness amongst them. Sir George Roos Keppel has acceded to this request and has remitted the unexpired portions of the sentences in the riot cases.

TELEGRAMS ON DEPOSIT SYSTEM.

List of Conditions.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 24.

It is notified that at departmental telegraph offices, telegrams can be accepted on the deposit account system on the following conditions:—(1) A minimum deposit of a sum of money, equivalent approximately to the cost of ten days' telegrams, may be made to the departmental telegraph office from which the telegrams are required to be sent. At the end of each week, the telegraph office concerned will submit a detailed account to the depositor, showing the amount expended on his telegrams in order that he may renew his deposit, if necessary, by paying into the telegraph office the amount shewn in the account. If the deposit is exhausted, and the depositor does not renew it, no further telegrams will be accepted from him except on payment. (2) If the account is to be rendered at intervals greater than a week, the deposit required will be increased accordingly. (3) A fee for the upkeep of accounts will be levied at the rate of twelve annas for every 25 telegrams or fraction thereof, despatched by the depositor during each quarter, subject to a minimum of Rs. 10 per annum.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 23.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Captain Thurston, I. M. S., officiates as Professor of Anatomy, Medical College, Calcutta, vice Major Stevens, on six months' leave.

Lieut.-Colonel Fearnside, I.M.S., reverts to to the Madras Presidency.

Major Wooley, I.M.S., is appointed Senior Medical Officer at Port Blair.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Lt.-Col., Thomson, I.M.S., reverts to military duty.

Mr. Hoskote Krishna Sastri officiates as Government Epigraphist, vice Mr. Venkyya, on two months' leave.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Lt.-Col. Waller officiates as Cantonment Magistrate, 1st Class, and Major Harvest in 2nd Grade vice Col. Christie on combined leave.

Lt. De Burgh, 9th Hudson's Horse, is promoted Captain.

The Gambling Act is extended to the Risalpur Cantonment.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Lt.-Col. Lumsden, I. M. S., is granted seven months' leave.

Capt J. L. Orr Weir is confirmed in the Political Department.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Lovegrove, Deputy Conservator of Forests in Kashmir, has nine-months' leave; Mr. Milward acts for him.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Sykes has been granted nine months' leave.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Barker officiates as Deputy Postmaster-General, 2nd Grade, in Madras.

RAILWAY BOARD.

Sanction has been accorded to the provision during the ensuing year 1912-13 of six additional broad gauge carriage trucks required for the North-Western State Railway.

Sanction has been accorded to the provision of a goods shed, wharf and siding at Ondal and of carrying out certain additions and alterations to the yard, including the construction of an office, work-shop and godown for the Carriage and Wagon Department of the East Indian Railway.

Sanction has been accorded to the provision during the ensuing year 1912-13 of fourteen additional bogie composite 1st and 2nd class carriages required for the North-Western State Railway.

Sanction has been accorded to an extention of the Boiler Shop at Perambur Works, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, and to its equipment with a hydraulic plant as the rivetting of the boilers of the new type of engines is reported to be impossible without such a plant, for which there is not sufficient room in the existing boiler shop.

Mr. E. Verriers, Officiating Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, North-Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as Engineer-in-Chief for Construction, in addition to his own duties vice Mr. J. Sutherland on three months' privilege leave.

POONA CO-OPERATIVE CONFERENCE.

Active Propaganda Urged.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JUNE 24.

The Co-operative Conference was resumed this morning, at 11-30 a.m., with the Hon'ble Mr. Lamb in the chair. Mr. Devdhar opened business by reading a paper on "Co-operation" as a subject for school or college curriculum. He advocated the formation of classes. With this object in view, he suggested, that at places like Poona, Belgaum, Secunderabad, etc., lectures on the subject dealing with the aims of the Society should be given by men conversant with the subject. He also advocated the education of artisans and agriculturists who form the bulk of the population most concerned. Now that the Bombay University intended removing the subject of political economy, they might, the speaker said, introduce co-operation in its stead. He thought that the contribution of even two annas from 15,000 and odd members of societies in the Presidency would yield a sum of Rs. 1,000 a year which could well be devoted towards this object.

Mr. Herlekar, in supporting the proposition of Mr. Deodhar, suggested that the only agency through which they could reach the agriculturists was the schoolmaster.

HON. MR. SHARPE'S NOTE.

Mr. Robertson, I. C. S., then read a note by the Hon'ble Mr. Sharpe, Director of Public Instruction, who had to leave Poona on business. Mr. Sharpe's note was as follows:—"In the new School Final syllabus (to come into force next year) in Indian History and administration Agricultural Banks, Saving Banks and Co-operative Credit Societies from one item. Messrs. Anderson and Marsden are engaged on this book; when it appears if it seems alight, doubtless the vernacular histories will be revised on similar lines, but the subject is rather dry for schoolboys and will probably be touched on only briefly. The Co-operative enthusiasts probably want lessons on it introduced into the Readers, but Readers are already pretty full and every kind of movement is always pressing for place in them. In country schools too, boys now have agricultural Readers in addition to ordinary ones. The appropriate place for co-operation seems to be under history for senior boys, and even then it can only be dealt with briefly but local enthusiasts can surely get up extra talks on the subject so as to interest boys on an special occasion. It can be introduced similarly into revised history courses at the Training College, but the proposal that it should be made an "optional subject" at the School Final and Matriculation curricula is meaningless. As regards the Matriculation and the School Final he would place this subject on a level with others (Sanskrit, Drawing etc.) which have been studied for a number of years. In fact, it would be out of proportion altogether."

Mr. Kurandikar advocated education of those only who were in a position to help. Co-operation, he said, which existed in the village should be encouraged.

Prof. Muller did not think that the school was a place where co-operation or lessons on it could be taught. In places like the Training College at Bombay the subject might be introduced with good results and the incentive of eventually securing the Secretaryship of the Society should prove an inducement for teachers to take up the subject in earnest. The Bombay University, he said, were now engaged in remodelling their curriculum and when he was consulted on the point he strongly advocated the adoption of Mr. Walf's book on Co-operative Banking. He concluded his remarks with one or two practical experiences of co-operation having benefited certain Trade Union Societies in England and on the Continent.

Mr. Macneil thought it was a question of general co-operaion and not of education. He said that books dealing on the subject might be translated and adapted to their needs by the members of the Society.

The Hon'ble Mr. Curtis was not in favour of enthusiasts as his experience had forced him to the conclusion that invariably they did not adopt practical methods. He advised the Conference not to prejudice their position by seeking to include this subject in the educational course. The University might be left to incorporate the subject with political economy if they desired and Professor Muller might have been relied on as one of the examiners to give prominence to such questions in examination papers.

Mr. Devdhar then proposed:—(1) That the Educational Department be invited to assist in the spread of co-operative education; (2) that in the opinion of this Conference there is great need for vernacular literature on the subject of co-operation in all its forms and for active propaganda for education of all classes.

This was seconded by Mr. Herleker and unanimously agreed to.

Mr. Pomfret then spoke on the efforts that were being made to improve the lot of the weaver. He referred to the different looms in use and the output of each which he considered could be increased and thus also the profit on the work. As regards, the educational side he wished to make a new suggestion and thought the Government might make use of the Jubilee Technical Institute for the purpose. He recommended the formation of a class where one man from each society might be taught the use of handloom weaving. When sufficiently expert, these men could be sent back to teach others. It was with the sons of the weavers that a start could be made. This would necessitate Government assistance to provide a shed and machinery and salary of supervisors.

The Hon'ble Mr. Lamb said it was not posible to formulate a resolution on the subject on account of technical details, but recommended that Mr. Pomfret should work in conjunction with Mr. Campbell, the Registrar of Society, with a view to place their recommendation before the Government.

Mr. Deodhar then read a paper on "Thrift" on the part of the members after which the Hon'ble Sir Vithaldass proposed a vote of thanks to the Hon'ble Mr. Lamb for presiding over their deliberations with patience and tact, which was warmly applauded and the Chairman having acknowledged the vote of thanks, the meeting broke up.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 24.

Lieutenant Willes, 2nd Battalion, Dorsetshires Regiment, has been selected for service with the West African Regiment.

Colonel H. E. Stanton, D.S.O., Royal Garrison Artillery, will succeed Colonel Wilson as General Staff Officer, 1st grade, Poona Division, in October next.

Colonel Clay, 1st Battalion, 8th Gurkhas, officiates as General Staff Officer, 1st grade, Lahore Division, during the absence on leave of Colonel Sitwell.

Major W. C. A. Andrew, 55th Rifles, succeeds to the Command of the 55th Rifles, vice Colonel Nicholls, whose tenure expires in October nex.

SOUTHERN ARMY ORDERS.

Major-General J.B. Woon, C.B., commanding the Southern Army, has issued the following orders:—

2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse).—Major A. G. Pritchard, Squadron Commander protem, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command, vice Major L. L. Maxwell granted leave or until further orders. Dated 3rd June 1911.

64th Pioneers.—Major J. A. Bliss, 2nd-in-Command, to officiate as Commandant, and Captain M. H. B. Geddes, Double Company Commander, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command, vice Lieut.-Colonel F.G. Batten granted leave or until further orders. Dated 1st June, 1911.

80th Carnatic Infantry.—Major A. J. Campbell, officiating 2nd-in-Command, to officiate as Commandant, and Major C. E. N. Priestley, Double Company Commander, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command; vice Colonel C. H. M. Hitchins vacated. Dated 14th March, 1911.

81st Pioneers.—Captain W. H. LaT. Da-ley, Double Company Officer, to be Double Company Commander pro tem, vice Captain W. D. Reid seconded. Dated 1st May, 1911.

120th Rajputana Infantry.—Major R. T. C. Calvert, Double Company Officer, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command in addition to his other duties, vice Major E. Codrington officiating as Commandant. Dated 18th May, 1911.

122nd Rajputana Infantry.—Major A. Melville, Double Company Commander, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command, vice Major K. J. G. Dunolly officiating as Commandant. Dated 7th December, 1910.

Captain W. H. A. Lloyd, Double Company Officer, to be Double Company Commander pro tem, vice Captain R. F. S. Beyts seconded. Dated 16th May, 1910.

AUCTION BRIDGE.

II.

HAVING cleared our minds of the erroneous notion that Auction Bridge is Poker, or Vint, and so realized that methods of play appropriate to those games, find no place in Auction Bridge, let us set humbly forth upon the quest of principles, which may systematize to some extent practice, and evolve a little order out of much chaos.

Happily some of the threadbare controversies, which raged so furiously in the early day of straight bridge, controversies which excited a great deal of acrimony and led to no more unanimity in the end, than is to be found to-day over the problem of Free Will, do not rear their heads above the threshold of Auction Bridge. No furious theorists will break fresh lances for or against prophylactic Spades. Nor shall we have to explain why it is desirable to lead the top of your weakest suit to your partner's double of No Trumps. As the dealer cannot pass, there is no question of "leaving it on nothing," and as therefore when he has a bad hand he must call a Spade, and is almost certain to be overcalled, the entire basis of that historical controversy disappears. His partner can never complain that he has been deprived of the use and value of magnificent cards by the Dealer's pusillanimity. This at least is a crowning mercy, which should by itself endear the new game, to players surfeited with lectures on the enormity of the original Spade call, or the enormity of leaving it on nothing. Similarly we are now finally relieved from that din of battle between the advocates of the Heart, and the top of nothing lead to a Pone double in No Trumps. For nine times out of ten before the No Trump call is left in possession of the field, you have had an opportunity of telling your partner what your best suit is, so that if you double he is in no uncertainty. Perhaps "nine times out of ten" is putting it too high, for doubtless a first call of One No Trump does go round more often than that. If in such circumstances the third player doubles, it is clear that his partner must lead him a Spade. This is hardly a convention, though it might easily become one. It is founded on the simplest of all reasons. If the third player has six sitting tricks in any other suit than Spades, he can overcall with three clubs, two diamonds, etc. But he can hardly overcall with six spades, so that his only way of drawing his partner's attention to his big solid holding is by doubling. Therefore when you have to lead to One No Trump, in which you have had no other information than your partner's doubles, you must always lead a spade. Of course if you have an Ace and King or so to make first, there is no harm in beginning that way. But before you resign the lead, a spade is always imperative. And that disposes in a few sentences of two vexed problems, which in the old game gave rise to a literature of polemic that would fill several volumes.

There is only one policy; go straight for the game If you have a possible No Trump as dealer, call it at once, and don't take any risks by offering one club or two spades, in order to show your profound knowledge of these rudimentary conventions. Still there are cases in which players like to call the lower of two possible calls (both being of course attacking calls) in order to leave themselves a door to jump through if their first bid excites too much and too dangerous opposition. In stating basic principles we must not pause upon fine drawn exceptions. We can take them as they come later. But the first rule of auction is for everyone who has a bid to make the boldest he can at once for the game. I do not mean, of course, that he must bid up to the full strength of his hand the first time, but that he should bid into the suit he means to win on. Broadly and generally the desire of all bidders is to be left in with a No Trump contract, and many subordinate every other consideration to that aim. But it is often as easy and much safer to win on hearts, and when the score is a little advanced on diamonds, as on No Trumps. All that is to be kept in view is winning and winning expeditiously as possible. Those who hang back when they might win merely for the pleasure of doubling their opponents, and making 100 or so above the line are apt to find that fortune is a fickle Jade, and once flouted refuses to smile on them again.

Now there are obviously three attacking calls (when the score is love all) and only three No Trumps, Hearts and Diamonds. No one ever wants to be left in to play clubs or spades. In the three attacking calls, you may and presumably hope to win the game. You cannot do this with clubs or spades. Just as in old bridge not only the most popular, but the most winning call, with all spirited players, was No Trumps, so it is in auction. But there are differences. When you went No Trumps at Straight Bridge with a nineteen point hand, your adversaries had to submit and open the defence in the dark. Not so now. They can overcall you, in at least three suits, and if you are then pushed into Two No Trumps they know where their strength and your possible weakness lies. Besides you cannot always open with one No Trump. You can and always should if your hand offers any reasonable prospect of making the contract good. And the call may be, and commonly should be made on weaker cards than were considered necessary at the old game. For it is not only a bid on your own part, but a menace to the opponents.

It is very common for two players at least out of the four to hold cards on which each is sanguine that he can make the odd trick in No Trumps. The first to speak crowds out the other. Now those players who are dead keen on No Trumps and always No Trumps, not infrequently recommend that if the Dealer has Ace of Hearts or Diamonds, and no other strength at all he should call those suits, to dive his partner the information, and so encourage him to jump into No Trumps. I was recently told that this line of play was much favoured by good players in Madras. But it is open to a hundred fatal objections. The first and the largest is that it confuses the whole scheme of the red suit original calls. Of course if it becomes a pure convention that when you call one Heart or one Diamond you don't want to play the hand on hearts or diamonds, well and good. But suppose your partner has a Yarborough, and you have Ace and two little Hearts, and call one Heart, and are doubled! What are you going to do next? This would naturally be a very rare case, for wise men don't double Hearts except to the score, and it is very long odds that when the cards are so distributed you would be overcalled by your opponents.

Still it is only by putting extreme cases that we can illustrate bad reasoning. As a general rule if you can't call No Trumps yourself, and think you have a fair chance of the odd in Hearts or Diamonds, call one or other of those suits. Such a call should mean that if you are let alone, you have a reasonable probability of five tricks in your own hand. If your partner now overcalls in No Trumps, and your Hearts and Diamonds though long are not well headed for No Trump play, it is a nice question whether you should not overcall back into your own suit. In a majority of cases it must be right to do so. You thus tell your partner that you are not much good in your red suit for No Trumps and if in spite of that he overcalls you again, he does so at his own risk. Overcalling your partner's No Trump back into your original red suit, ought I submit to mean, length but no great top strength in this suit. First principles, then so far for Dealer. Always if you possibly can make an attacking bid or yourself; 2. make it in No Trumps for choice; 3. if in Hearts or Diamonds, have at least a reasonable probability of five tricks, if the hand is played in your red suit; 4. if your partner takes you out of your red suit into No Trumps, and your red suit is not good for much except when Trumps overcall back into it, and leave your partner then to decide whether he should leave you in or proceed with no trumps himself.

All very simple so far isn't it? But perhaps distinguished players and theorists elsewhere may have opinions of their own on these points, which do not agree with mine. If so, I hope, they will give us the benefit of them. We come next to the black suit calls, which are really the special feature of Auction Bridge and will need a paper to themselves.

ACE OF SPADES.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

The following messages, which appeared in the Australian papers to hand yesterday morning, are later than those which came by the English mail:—

The Order of the Garter.

INVESTITURE OF THE PRINCE OF WALES.

London, June 11.

The investiture of the Prince of Wales as a Knight of the Garter took place at Windsor Castle yesterday.

The Knights and officers of the order assembled in the Waterloo chamber and were summoned to the throne room, where King George and Queen Mary; Manuel, the ex King of Portugal, the Duke of Connaught; Prince Arthur of Connaught, and Prince Christian were seated at the head of the table. The scene was one of great beauty and interest.

The Prince of Wales was led in by the Duke of Connaught. The King buckled on the garter, and the Prelate (the Bishop of Winchester) pronounced the admonition. His Majesty invested the Prince with the insignia of the order and gave the accolade (the tap with a sword on the neck and shoulders of the new Knight).

The Knights of the order then offered their congratulations to the Prince, who bore himself with dignity throughout the trying ordeal.

A procession to St. George's Chapelled by the Duke of Argyll and Lord Esher followed. The Military Knights of Windsor twenty-three Knight Companions of the Order, heralds, and officers of the Royal Household moved in stately fashion between a double line of Life Guards and Coldstream Guards.

The Castle was crowded with spectators, who witnessed a pageant which had not been seen since the time of Charles II. The Royal Knights accompanied the Prince. Four trainbearers in scarlet held the robes of the King and Queen who walked hand-in-hand. Queen Mary wore the insignia presented by the Marys of the Empire.

Imperial Conference.

London, June 10.

At yesterday's meeting of the Imperial Conference Sir Joseph Ward (New Zealand) formally moved that in order to relieve wives and children and the poor relief burdens of Britain and the dependencies reciprocal provision should be made in respect of destitute and deserted persons.

Mr. Findlay New Zealand) said that reciprocity was needed in order to enforce the decisions of one part of the Empire in another part. Wife deserters from England at present could not be compelled to contribute in New Zealand towards the support of their wives except by expensive process under the Fugitive Offenders Act. A similar condition of affairs existed as between the Dominions, and he hoped shortly to introduce legislation making it possible to enforce an Australian maintenance order in New Zealand.

Mr. Fisher (Australian) stated that it would be beneficial if they had a Federal law on the subject. He suggested that they should omit the reference to the poor relief burdens of Britain, as that had nothing to do with the matter.

Sir Joseph Ward agreed to the elimination suggested by Mr. Fisher.

Mr. John Burns (the President of the Local Government Board) said that although they might agree with the principle it would be somewhat difficult to find a method of practical application. His department considered that the difficulty of enforcement would be disproportionate to the benefit. If the Dominions would agree to the question being referred to the law officers he would discuss with the British law officers the feasibleness of a remedy making desertion a deportable offence.

Mr. Findlay thought the matter was a simple one, as when an order was issued in New Zealand the man could be called on in London to show cause.

Mr. Harcourt (Secretary of State for the Colonies) suggested that the resolution should read:—"That in order to secure justice and protection for deserted wives and children reciprocal legal provision should be adopted."

Mr. Findlay acquiesced, and the resolution as amended at the instance of Mr. Harcourt was carried.

The Conference then adjourned till Monday.

American Strike Riots.

Washington, June 10.

During the progress of a strike of garment workers at Cleveland, in Ohio a serious conflict took place between pickets and the police. There were numerous casualties on both sides. Seven of the strikers were arrested, and one of them is being charged with murder.

South Wales Strike.

London, June 10.

At a mass meeting of the miners on strike in Glamorganshire, held yesterday, it was decided that neither Mr. Abraham, M. P. ("Mabon"), the president of the South Wales Miners' Federation, nor Messrs. Watts and Morgan should be allowed to participate further in the negotiations regarding the Ely pit dispute.

The Amalgamated Society of Engineers has decided by a ballot levy a sixpence per head in support of the strikers in South Wales. The levy will mean a contribution of £2,000 towards the strike funds.

Insurrectionary Excesses in Mexico.

Washington, June 10.

The Federal troops abandoned the town of Torreon without any preliminary warning to the inhabitants. With the departure of the Government forces the ruffian element broke loose and started looting the shops and massacring the residents. Incoming rebels joined the marauders, and the wildest anarchy prevailed. Heads rolled in the streets, bodies were tied to horses' tails, and other outrages perpetrated. The intervention of foreigners finally stayed the slaughter. Twenty-five Chinese were murdered.

The Chinese Government are demanding from Mexico an indemnity of 12,0 0,000 pesos in consequence of the slaughter of Chinese subjects at Torreon. An apology is also demanded, and a Chinese warship is now on route to Mexican waters.

Three hundred Chinese have been ordered to be deported from Mexico, and it is believed they will attempt to gain an entrance to the United States.

It is reported from Mexico City that 14 people have been killed in riots at Matehuala. The miners in the vicinity are all on strike.

Storms in America.

New York, June 10.

The towns of Hamilton and Toronto, in the Canadian Province of Ontario, were yesterday visited by a terrific electric storm The Western Ontario Brewery caught fire, and is at present the centre of a great conflagration. A sawmill at Owen Sound, also in Ontario, was struck by lightning, and a number of employees were killed.

Electric storms, with high winds and heavy downpours of rain, are being experienced throughout the New England States. A sign board above a building in Broadway, New York, was struck by lightning. The sign crushed through the roof, and a hundred men in a billiard parlour beneath had narrow escapes.

Heat waves are reported in a number of the States. At St. Louis, in Missouri, the temperature reached, 1 4deg. in the shade, which is the highest experienced in June since 1836. The hot weather record has again been broken in Chicago. One death has been reported as a result of the excessive heat, and four men suffering from heat prostration were yesterday removed to hospitals. The season generally has been an unusually hot one.

A Berlin Sensation.

Berlin, June 11.

A sensational affair, terminating in the death of an unknown youth and three policemen, occurred in the heart of Berlin early yesterday morning.

In the Friedrichstrasse, a busy thoroughfare, a number of well-dressed youths accosted a party of policemen and vehemently denounced them for having offered violence to a woman in the town.

Three of the policemen followed one of the young men to a tavern and summoned him to the police station. The youth, drawing a Browning revolver killed the three policemen and wounded a waiter in the lungs. Failing to escape, he returned to the bar and shot himself dead in the presence of other policemen and terrified patrons of the tavern. His identity has not yet been established.

Shortage of Workers.

Melbourne, June 11.

The Federal Ministry is confronted with a serious situation with regard to the granting of permits for the importation of contract labour in Victoria. The position is every day becoming worse, because not only is there an ever-growing scarcity of labour in the towns for money-making purposes, but in the country employers are even worse off. It is reported to be almost impossible to obtain agricultural workers. Similar reports have been received from the other States.

Mr. Findlay seems to be disinclined to grant the permit applied for by the sugar growers of the Johnstone River district to import 50 hands, and is laying stress upon the provisions of the Immigration Restriction Act applying to strike conditions. Meanwhile the reports he has received from the officials in Queensland are of a somewhat contradictory character, and seem to be completely at variance with the facts submitted by the Queensland sugar growers. He has been informed by the Queensland Collector of Customs that there is no shortage of labour in Cairns, Townsville, Maryborough, Johnstone River, Bundaberg, and the Lucinda districts, but that as Mackay a shortage was anticipated. He has also been informed that if the workers' demands are not granted strikes might be anticipated in other districts than those now affected, "Strikes," the Brisbane Collector added, "were in progress at Burdekin and Hambledon, and a week's notice had been given by the mill hands at Cairns."

A curious fact is that these strikes should occur just at the moment when an application was made to the Minister to import hands.

United States Wool Tariff.

Washington, June 16.

In the House of Representatives yesterday Mr. Warburton attacked the proposed revision of the wool tariff. He declared that the Democrats were afraid to reduce the tariff further, lest the industry would be prostrated. The Democrats would suffer at the next elections.

Mr. Peters (Massachusetts) defended the Democratic programme on the ground that the wool tariff could not be lowered because of revenue exigencies.

Mr. Francis (Ohio) favoured a lower duty upon manufactured woollens. He was satisfied that the lowering of the duty upon raw wool would wipe out the United States sheep industry.

HYDERABAD NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, JUNE 19.

THE Hon'ble Lieutenant-Colonel A. F. Pinhey, C.S.I., C.I.E., Officiating Resident at Hyderabad, has returned from the hills, where he had gone to spend the hot weather. A notification in the Residency Orders announces that Colonel Pinhey has been promoted to First Class of the Political Service and is posted as Resident at Cashmir, but is to continue to officiate at Hyderabad until further orders. The present arrangement will, doubtless, cease three months hence, when Mr. Fraser, the permanent incumbent, returns from furlough and assume charge of the office as Resident at the Court of His Highness the Nizam.

The Hon'ble the Resident has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Astley Smith, 85th King's Light Infantry, and Lieutenant-Colonel Edmund Smith, 17th Brigade, Royal Field Artillery, to be Lay Trustees of All Saints Church, Trimulgherry; and to reappoint Mr. Alexander Johnston Dunlop, a Lay Trustee of St. John's Church, Secunderabad.

A "Jarida" Extraordinary published to-day, directs that Thursday, the 22nd instant, will be a general holiday and that all the offices of the Nizam's Government will be closed in honour of the Coronation in London of His Majesty George V, King-Emperor of India.

The Rev. Stephen Tholasingham Murugasen, of the Wesleyan Mission, has been granted, under the Indian Christian Marriage Act, a license, authorising him to solemnise marriages between British Native Christians within the territory of H. H. the Nizam, other than the cantonment of Aurungabad and Berar, but including the cantonment of Secunderabad.

The leave obtained by Mr. R. I. R. Glancey, First Assistant Resident, on the 10th May last, will cease on the 30th June current, on which date his services will be at the disposal of the Nizam's Government, nominated and confirmed as he has been as Assistant Minister of Finance in succession to Mr. G. Casson-Walker, C.I.E., retired.

Mr. Mayhew, Adviser to H. H. the Nizam's Government in the Educational Department, has been asked to submit a general report on education, or rather the system of education as he finds it, within these Dominions. This being a formidable piece of work and the first of its kind, it will necessarily entail some delay. One thing is certain that its appearance, early or late, will produce considerable interest, as the report is expected to deal with the system prevailing.

The three European Scholarships have been secured this year by Miss Gloria, second daughter of Mr. J. S. Gloria, who has recently retired from the Head Mastership of H. H. the Nizam's Government High School, and two Mahomedan candidates, one a graduate and the other an undergraduate. The scholarships carry £200 annually. The male candidates will be required to qualify in England for Agriculture and Mining, respectively; and Miss Gloria as an Educationist. This young lady is an Assistant Teacher in the Zenana School on a salary of Rs. 200 monthly, and has passed in two branches of the B. A. examination of the Madras University.

The Parsi Alfred Theatrical Company are giving performances on the ground of the late Cosmopolitan Hotel in a commodious structure of wood and bamboo. Considering that the Company draw large houses every night precautionary measures should be insisted upon to guard against the accident of fire, having regard to the ghastly spectacle that was witnessed recently in Poona. I believe the proprietor of this temporary structure is Sowcar Jina Ram Birtiah, who is reputed to be a wealthy man. He may probably be induced to erect a corrugated iron-building instead of the present inflammable structure, which might become the scene of a serious accident at any moment. As the premises of the late Cosmopolitan Hotel are within the Residency limits, it is for the Residency authorities, in the interests of the safety of the play-going public, to take the matter into immediate consideration.

The monsoon that was ushered in with such great promises is dwindling into an atmosphere riddle. Since the 8th instant the rains have held off, though the sky keeps cloudy above a continuous current of stormy winds. The only compensation to be realised is a fall in the temperature which makes day and night tolerably cool. There is no reason up to new to nurse gloomy misgivings, but it is rather tantalising to experience disappointment after bright expectations.

CROP REPORTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 24.

Crop telegrams for the week ending the 17th of June, show that good rains fell over the country and the land is under preparation for the autumn crops. In the United Provinces, sugarcane is doing well, but more sun is wanted for tea in both the Bengals. In the Punjab, the condition of the standing crops is good to average. Locusts have damaged the cotton and millet in Multan.

In Bombay, the rainfall has proved beneficial and Madras reports that prospects of standing crops are fair to good. Prices are generally steady all over India.

There has been arranged for arrival in Simla, on July 11, the first portion of Coronation cinematograph pictures, to be shown the same evening at the summer capital. In order to accomplish this enterprise the films left London on the last possible moment on Saturday, and were conveyed to Brindisi by special messenger and placed on the mail steamer for India reaching Bombay on July 7. This should constitute a record.

SPORTING NEWS.

CRICKET.

Bombay Gymkhana.

THE match, between the Military and Civilian members of the Gymkhana, which was left off unfinished on Thursday, was resumed on Saturday last. On Thursday, the Army and "G." Company going in first to bat had made 296, to which the Civilians had responded with a total of 123 for seven wickets, when stumps were drawn for the day. On the resumption of play on Saturday, the Civilians completed their first innings for 194. The military side in their second venture made 137 for 5 wickets, when they declared their innings closed. The Civilians' second attempt realised 84 for 5 wickets, when time was called, the match thus ending in a draw.

The features of Saturday's play were three fine batting displays by Mackenzie, Phillips and F. F. Stileman, who made 49, 48 and 58 respectively. They played fine though not quite brilliant cricket and were loudly applauded on their return to the pavilion. The scores:

ARMY AND G. COMPANY.

W S Hallilay, b C G Stileman	15
G G James, c Sale, b Clarke	5
F F Stileman, b Phillips	19
F R R Brooke, run out	23
J S Milne, c Wheeler, b Roberts ...	50
B L Montgomery, c Phillips, b Roberts,	3
V E Purcell, not out	93
C D Baker, c Mackenzie, b Sale ...	5
K H McCormach, c and b C G Stileman,	4
M F Nicholson, b Clarke	54
K McI Kemp, b Clarke	7
Major S D Hume b Clarke	0
Extras	18
Total ...	296

2nd Innings.

W S Hallilay, b C G Stilemen	0
F R R Brooke, c Langley, b Elliott ...	19
F F Stileman, c Scale, b Phillips... ...	58
J S Milne, c C G Stileman, b Elliott ...	11
E Reid, c and b Elliott	2
G G James, not out	25
Major S D Hume, not out	8
The rest did not bat.	
Extras	14
Total (for 5 wickets) ...	137

CIVILIANS.

1st Innings.

R E A Elliott, c McCormach, b Purcell...	33
R C Cumberledge, c Hallilay, b Nicholson	5
E E Christie, b Purcell	41
G C Phillips, b Milne	0
F J Clarke, c Brooke, b Purcell... ...	5
H G Wheeler, c Barker, b Purcell ...	10
G E D Langley, b Purcell...	0
R T Mackenzie, b Milne	49
E L Sale, b Milne	0
T G Kennedy, c F Stileman, b Milne ...	3
C G Stileman, b Milne	8
R W Roberts, not out	19
Extras... ...	21
Total ...	194

2nd Innings.

G C Phillips, not out	48
E E Christie, c Reid, b Marrs	0
Cumberledge, b Milne	20
R W Roberts, b Milne	3
G E D Langley, c Reid, b Milne ...	3
R E A Elliot, c Hallilay, b Marrs ...	2
E L Sale, not out	3
The rest did not bat.	
Extras	5
Total (for 5 wickets) ...	84

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Army and G. Co.—1st Innings.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
C G Stileman	11	50	1	2
F Clarke	18	61	0	4
Roberts............	12	47	2	2
Phillips	8	44	0	1
Sale	5	17	1	1
Mackenzie	8	35	1	0
Christie	2	24	0	0

2nd Innings.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Stileman	9	54	0	1
Elliott............	7	18	1	3
Clarke	4	21	1	0
Roberts	5	18	1	0
Phillips	2	12	0	1

Civilians—1st Innings.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Milne	22	70	3	5
Nicholson	7	24	0	1
Purcell............	19	48	4	5
James	2	11	0	0
F F Stileman............	3	20	0	0

2nd Innings.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Marrs	10	46	0	2
Milne	10	23	1	3

B. I. TRUST vs. GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH C. C.

This match was played on the Marine Lines ground on Saturday and resulted in a win for the B. I. Trust by 51 runs:—

B. I. TRUST C. C.

1st Innings.

S D Probhavalker, c Rodrigues, b D'Silva.	57
R Sorabji, c Rodrigues, b Green............	48
W Byramji, c Moor, b D'Silva............	15
R J Keat, b Keys............	9
D D Bharucha, b Keys............	0
J P Orr, c Bullimore, b D'Silva	1
B B Desai, b Keys............	5
F G B Hawkins, not out............	12
Sanjana, b Keys............	1
A B Shroff, run out............	8
W H Chandarana, did not bat............	8
Extra............	
Total............	171

1st Innings.

S D'Silva, c Byramji, b Sorabji............	25
Green, c Shroff, b Sorabjee............	36
A D'Silva, c Byramjee, b Sorabjee............	12
Rodrigues, b Sorabji............	4
Keys, st Byramji, b Probhavalker............	14
Moor b Desai............	14
Bullimore, b C Rana............	4
Taylor, b C Rana............	4
Albuquerque, run out............	4
Sorils, not out............	3
Monsurate, b Desai............	0
Extras............	3
Total............	123

TOLLYGUNGE GYMKHANA RACES.

First Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 24.

The following are the results at the first meeting of the Tollygunge Club Gymkhana Races:—

Junior Polo Scurry, 3 furlongs:—Nancy, 1; Flashlight, 2; Biscuit, 3.

Invitation Stakes, 5 furlongs:—Cairo, 1; J. E. A., 2; Frank, 3.

Jiu Jitsu Stakes, 3 1-2 furlongs:—Jasmin, 1; Mr. Pickwick, 2; Jim, 3.

Tollygunge Plate, 4 furlongs:—Lah Dooneen, 1; Wait-for-me, 2.

Alipore Cup, 4 furlongs:—Merngeyes, 1; Charlotte, 2; Gem, 3.

Jiu Jitsu Stakes, 3 1-2 furlongs:—Miranda, 1; Loyalty, 2; Biddy, 3.

OFFICER KILLED AT POLO.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, JUNE 24.

At a practice game of polo, in view of the coming tournament, Capt. Bastow, R. E. collided with Jemadar Abdul Mir Khan of the 20th Deccan Horse, and was killed; his neck being broken by the fall. The deceased was a keen sportsman. A large number of officers of the garrison who are polo players attended the funeral this morning.

HARWOOD LEAGUE FOOTBALL.

Bombay F. C. vs. R. G. A.

On Saturday evening, the Bombay Football Club met the Royal Garrison Artillery on the Cooperage ground, Bombay, in a Harwood League fixture. A Saturday afternoon attendance filled the enclosure and the sun shone pleasantly during the game. The football was lively and interesting at times, but, although their shooting was not of the best, the Royal Garrison Artillery have improved greatly and were more than a match for their opponents. Level play marked the opening stages of the game and the football, although not brilliant, was fast and interesting. Then a penalty was given against the Bombay men for 'hands' in the area, but Fleming put his shot well over the cross-bar. The soldiers now had the better of matters and once Walker had occasion to run out and clear smartly. A dash was made by the Bombay forwards, but Quinn put the ball up the field, and Walker again stood the test of an attack. Play, which was now of a desultory description, was carried on chiefly in front of the Bombay F. C. goal, and no score resulted until from a corner-kick, which first struck the cross-bar, Fleming netted the ball. This spurred the local team to attack, and Johnson took a long shot from centre half, which Quinn should never have allowed to pass through his hands, and equalized for his side just before half-time was called. Score:

Bombay F. C. .... 1 goal.
R. G. A. .... 1 goal.

On the resumption of play, the soldiers pressed at the outset, but the Bombay team played a dogged game, and the exchanges became more even owing to good kicking by their backs. However, the soldiers made some determined rushes, and, from a corner conceded by Harwood, Lieut. Brooke headed the ball past Walker into the net. The gunners were now attacking strongly, and twice Walker saved cleverly from forward rushes. Twice, however, individual rushes were made by the local men, but Quinn was not to be caught napping a second time, and cleared safely on both occasions. Although able to press their opponents' backs, the shooting of the Artillery men was erratic and they failed to increase their score until time. Score:

R. G. A. .... 2 goals
Bombay F. C. .... 1 goal

The teams were as follows:—

BOMBAY FOOTBALL CLUB: Goal, Walker; backs, Harwood and Chapman; half-backs, Foskett, Johnson and Schultz; forwards, T. Brewin, Graham, H. Templeton Wilkie and Ardagh.

R.G.A.:—Goal, Quinn; backs, Turner and Smith; half-backs, Kenny, Clark and Stewart; forwards, Wordsworth, Fleming, Lt. Brooke, McConaghy and Perry.

THE LEAGUE TABLE.

The teams now stand as follows in the League:—

	P.	W.	L.	D.	Goals. For	Goals. Agst.	Pts.
R. Warwicks	3	3	0	0	12	1	6
R. G. A.	4	2	1	1	12	7	5
Bombay F. C.	3	2	1	0	7	4	4
Telegraphs	3	2	1	0	4	6	4
Bombay Gymkhana	3	1	1	1	12	6	3
Byculla R. Institute	3	1	2	0	3	11	2
B. V. A.	2	0	2	0	0	11	0
Y. M. C. A.	3	0	3	0	0	6	0

AHMEDABAD NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

AHMEDABAD, JUNE 23.

UNTIL the advent of the rain, about a fortnight ago we managed to get through the day's work somehow and to wind up each day by a leisurely game of tennis or golf. Very little conversation sufficed us and even the bridge tables were more or less deserted. But the few showers of rain that we have had not only caused the grass to spring up in most unlikely places, but also brought in the remainder of our touring officials, and brought down some of the lucky ones that had been mingling with the gods and goddesses on the heights of Mahableshwar, Matheran and Abu, so that those of us who had borne the burden and heat of the day were awakened to new life. The links are covered with a thin carpet of green grass, so that brassy lives are less rare than usual whereas the golfer's heart rejoiceth, the tennis courts are more fully occupied and bridge has taken on a new lease of life.

The 22nd instant was given up entirely to Coronation festivities plus a very little business. The day opened somewhat dark and gloomy, but soon the sun pierced through and scattered the clouds and shone as only the Indian sun can. Prayers for King, Queen and Empire were offered in many a Hindu, Musalman, Parsi and Christian house of God, school-children were feted or feasted on jalebi and barfi, flags and buntings decorated some public and private buildings and in the evening some pretty illuminations were to be seen.

At 6 p. m. a largely attended Durbar was held under the presidency of our Collector, Mr. H. L. Painter, I. C. S. In his opening speech which was couched in most excellent Gujarati, he urged loyal devotion to the Throne and referred to last year's harvest, to the probable opening in the near future of a few flag stations on the railway lines running into Ahmedabad and to Municipal affairs. In regard to the latter, while congratulating the committee of management on its conduct of city administration, he expressed the opinion that the time had come for putting Ahmedabad in the same position as Bombay in the matter of Municipal government, an opinion in which many of the hearers heartily concurred. The subsequent speakers congratulated the Collector on the progress made during the past year and voiced the loyal sentiments of the assembled darbaris.

At 8-30 p. m. twenty-one European gentlemen were kindly entertained to dinner by Mr. J. Sladen, I. C. S., Commissioner, N. D. After dinner Mr. and Mrs. Sladen were "At Home," to a large number of European and Indian ladies and gentlemen. The Shad-i-bag was beautifully illuminated and the excellent band of the 7th Rajputs played a choice selection of music. A very enjoyable evening was passed and we all left for home about midnight, feeling grateful to our kind and gracious host and for thus enabling so many of us to spend so pleasantly the last hours of Coronation Day.

SUITS ADJOURNED.

ON the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, on Saturday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman, by consent of counsel on both sides, adjourned the hearings of the suits brought by Haji Gulam Mahomed Azam against the Hansa Line of steamers Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal against the Bombay Cotton mills in liquidation, Bhaishankar Nanabhai and others against Morarji Keshavji, and Noorbhai Abdul Hussein against Esmail Shaikh Jivanji and others, on the ground that they were heavy suits and should not be tried piecemeal.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

PALANPUR-DEESA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 10th June on 17·28 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
Total Traffic for the week........	Rs. 400	Rs. 300	Rs.	Rs. 70[illegible]
Or per mile of Railway........	23	17	.. ...	40
For previous 22 weeks of half-year	12,103	9,827	40	21,970
Total for 23 week	12,503	10,127	40	22,670
COMPARISON.				
Total for corresponding week of previous year	720	548	......	1,268
Per mile of Ry..	41	32	......	73
Total to corresponding date..	14,237	14,115	94	28,446

Decrease for the week ....Rs. 568
Do, to date .... „ 5,776

CORONATION GATHERINGS.

Bombay.

A public meeting of Bombay ladies was held under the auspices of the Gujarati Hindu Stri Mandal at the Chanda Ramji Girls' High School for the purpose of wishing long life and happiness to Their Majesties King George V. and Queen Mary. At this meeting, Indian ladies of different communities, numbering in all nearly 700, had assembled. The school girls of the Kalbadevi and Bhuleshwar Girls' schools and the Chanda Ramji Girls' High School were especially invited to take part in the celebrations. The school building and its compound were tastefully decorated with bunting and evergreens. The meeting place presented a very lively and animated scene. Mrs. Ratanbai Tribhowandas Vurjivandas was elected to the chair. The school girls then sang specially composed prayers and songs suitable to the occasion. Congratulatory speeches were then made by Dilshad Begum Nawab Mirza, Mrs. Jamnabai Nagundas Sakkai and Miss Nawazbai Contracter, B.A., in which these speakers did justice to the various aspects of the Coronation Day and wished long life and happiness to Their Majesties, and offered to them the Indian ladies' congratulations and their heartfelt prayers for their long and prosperous reign. Flowers and pan-supari were distributed among the audience and sweetmeats were freely distributed among the schoolgirls. The proceedings terminated after singing the National Anthem.

The Coronation Ball, held by the Goan community, under the auspices of the Real Instituto Luso-Indiano took place on Saturday. It was an extraordinarily large one and the magnificent hall of the R. I. L. I., decorated with bunting, evergreens and foliage, put on a festive appearance. In opening the proceedings Dr. Blasio Paes, the President of the organising committee, requested Dr. A. G. Viegas to propose the toast of their Majesties the King and the Queen. Dr. Viegas in doing so said that what made the British Empire beloved of its subjects and admired by all the nations was not its splendour and wealth, but the spirit of justice and fair dealing, which pervaded all its administrative departments.

The members of the Indian Telegraph Association in Bombay celebrated Coronation Day, with a concert and dance in their club rooms. A large number of their friends responded to their invitation. The two halls were decorated tastefully. Several ladies and gentlemen entertained the gathering with a choice programme of songs, piano solos and recitations. The toast of the King was enthusiastically honoured. Dancing was kept up with vigour till two in the morning, when the party broke up, singing—"God save the King."

A meeting of the members of the Bombay Country Tobacco Trade Association on the occasion of His Majesty's Coronation at the residence in Bombay of Mr. Lalji Ramji, the Vice-President of the Association. Mr. M. S. Mody, the Chairman of the Association, occupied the chair. Mr. Vithaldass K. Tobaccowalla began by explaining to the audience the object of the meeting. They met there, he said, to celebrate the august occasion of the Coronation of His Majesty King George V. under whose august sceptre India was governed. He cited many instances of coronations of the ancient kings of Hindu Mythology and compared them with the present Coronation. He spoke at length extolling the many qualities and noble virtues of the King and His Royal Consort and specially dwelling on the sympathy which His Majesty showed towards the Indian nation as Prince of Wales, when His Majesty visited India some years ago. He concluded with a fervent prayer in which all joined spontaneously that the Almighty God, the All Preserver might shower on Their Majesties the choicest blessings and grant them long life and perfect happiness. Several gentlemen present also made speeches suitable to the occasion. The meeting then came to a close at 6-30 p. m., after the usual cordial vote of thanks to the Chair, and three loud cheers for Their Majesties, the King-Emperor and the Queen-Empress of India.

The Swe Dagon Pagoda trustees have received the following telegram from the Private Secretary to His Majesty the King-Emperor:—

"The King has received with much satisfaction your telegram of congratulations and asks that you will express to all who have associated themselves with you in this message Their Majesties' heartfelt gratitude for your assurance of loyalty and good wishes."

Prince Kamer Kader Mirza Muhamad Abid Ali Bahadur, the head of the Oudh family, has in response to his and the family's loyal and respectful congratulations received following gracious acknowledgement from the Private Secretary to His Majesty King George the Fifth:—"I am commanded by the King and Queen to thank you and all who joined you for the loyal sentiments to which your telegram gives expression."

BANDRA.

In honour of the Coronation, the St. Stanislaus' Branch School which is conducted mainly for poor fishermen's children was profusely decorated with flags, bunting and garlands of artificial flowers. Mr. J. T. Pereira, J. P. was voted to the chair at a meeting in the morning and amongst those present were Rev. Fr. C. DeSilva, the Sisters of St. Joseph's Convent and a large gathering. The proceedings were opened by the St. Paul's Band playing the National Anthem and a salute was immediately fired. A special programme of music was arranged which consisted of mandoline and violin solos and also comic songs, all of which were well rendered. At the end of the musical part of the proceedings, one of the pupils of this school stepped forward and read a loyal address.

KOLHAPUR STATE.

Coronation Day was kept as a general holiday and festival throughout the State. A Royal salute was fired in the early morning, and at eight o'clock divine service, commemorative of the Coronation, conducted by the Revd J. Loughton, was held in the Camp Church and was attended by the Political Agent and the other officers of the Political Department, the chief officials of the State and a full Congregation. Prayers were offered at the chief temples in the city. His Highness the Chhatrapati Maharaja gave large gifts of sweetmeats to the various schools and their distribution was made the occasion of patriotic speeches and recitations expressive of loyalty and festivity. The employees of the newly-opened Shri Shahu Chhatrapati Spinning Mill were given a full day's holiday and sweetmeats were presented to them by Maherban Bapusahib, the Chief of Kagal. The mill was profusely decorated.

The service held in the All Saints Church at 8 a. m., was largely attended at the request of Major Wodehouse by most of the principal Jahagirders, state officials and European and Indian. Under the orders of His Highness Shri Shahu Chhatrapati Maharajasaheb, elaborate arrangements were made for the proper observance of this festive day. Accordingly large gatherings of school boys were held in Kolhapur and other places in the State, where sweets were distributed to all of them. A special gathering of ladies was invited in the Ahelyabai Girls' School, where prizes and sweets were distributed to hundreds of girls in the local schools. The depressed classes, the Maratha and Jain communities decorated their institutions with flags and buntings. At 4 p. m., a grand Durbar was held by His Highness the Maharaja Saheb and was attended by the premier Jahagirdars, Sardars, officers and merchants etc.

His Highness was pleased to confer medals, sanads of grants of lands etc on such Jahagirdars officers and merchants as had rendered loyal service to the State. Among the recipients of these honours were the Pant Amatya of Bavda, Meherban Piajirao Ghatge, C.I.E., C.S.I. and Rao Bahadur Sabnis. The Diwan in an eloquent speech gave expression to the feelings of joy on the part of the Maharaja Saheb and his subjects.

In the evening Major Wodehouse had invited His Highness the Maharaja Saheb, the Chiefs of the S. M. Country and a large number of officers and private gentlemen to an "At Home." His Highness the Chhatrapati Maharajah, with the Sardars of State, the Chiefs of the Southern Maharatha country, the chief officials of the several States and many others were present. The charm of the brilliantly illuminated garden and the music supplied by the band of the Kolhapur Infantry added to the pleasure of the guests and a most enjoyable and memorable evening was spent.

BANSDA.

In honour of the Coronation of His Majesty a salute of 31 guns was fired. A parade of the Police Force and the Cavalry was held and a "feu de joie," was fired. His Highness the Raja Saheb, the Kumar Sahebs, together with all his officers and subjects, assembled and offered prayers in the Durbar Temple for the long life and prosperity of His Majesty and the Royal Family. The Parsis offered prayers at the river side, while the Mahomedans assembled in their Mosque for the same purpose. In all the schools, offices, and all throughout the State a general holiday was observed. Sweet-meats were distributed to all the school-children. The poor were given food and clothing. A Durbar was held by H. H. the Raja Saheb at which all the officers of the State and leading persons were present. The National Anthem was sung by the schoolboys, and speeches suitable to the occasion were delivered by H. H. the Raja Saheb, and by the Dewan. Three cheers for His Majesty and the Royal Family were given. At night, all the State buildings, palaces, and temples, as well as the houses in the town, were illuminated. The State Band played the National Anthem. A Zenana Durbar was held by the Rani Saheb and songs appropriate to the occasion were sung by the schoolgirls. The town was decorated with flags and ever-greens.

WADHWAN CITY.

At Wadhwan City a parade was held of foot and mounted police who fired three volleys as a "feu de joie." The Educational Superintendent read a paper in regard the loyalty due to the King-Emperor. The fifteen hundred children assembled on the Maidan, gave a charm to the assembly. They recited blessings and prayers in Gujarati, Sanskrit and English. Major Wood, the Political Agent at Jhalawad in charge of the Wadhwan State, the Thakore Saheb, the Administrator, the officers and leading inhabitants were present. The Thakore Saheb delivered a suitable speech, and hearty cheers, at the instance of the Political Agent, made the locality resound. The children marched with flags throughout the town. All the communities—Jains, Shivites, Vaishnavites, Borahs and other Mahomedans offered prayers in their places of worship which were visited by the Administrator and his officers. A mass meeting was held in the evening at which speeches were made by the Administrator and the leaders of the various communities.

JAWHAR STATE.

The day of their Majesties' Coronation in England was celebrated throughout the Jawhar State as a public holiday. Sweetmeats and other presents were distributed among the boys and girls of the various schools in the territory, the number of which has considerably increased during the past two years. An address, giving an instructive account of the important events that have hitherto marked the life of His Majesty the King-Emperor, was delivered in each school. There was a public meeting in the capital itself, attended by all sections of the Raja Sahib's subjects, at whose request Shrimant Krishnashah, the popular ruler of the State, despatched the following telegram to the Political Agent:—"I am desired by a public meeting, of all classes of my subjects, held in my capital on the 22nd instant, to convey to Their Majesties the King Emperor and Queen Mary, through the Government of Bombay, the expression of their heartfelt joy on the occasion of Their Majesties' Coronation in England, and the offering of their fervent prayer for Their Majesties' happiness in the beneficent years to be."

DARBHANGA.

The Hindu public of Darbhanga consisting of all classes and communities including the leading Raisis, pandits, traders and other citizens gathered together at the famous temple of goddess Kinkali to offer their congratulations and prayers in honour of the Coronation. A religious service under the lead of H. H. the Maharaja Bahadur of Darbhanga, was conducted and thanks were offered to the Almighty.

DEOLALI.

A meeting consisting of the Brahmacharis and the staff was held in one of the rooms of the Deolali Gurukul in connection with the Coronation ceremony of our beloved King-Emperor George V. the Principal being in the chair. He dwelt at length on the advantages of the British Rule in India and on the merits of our Sovereign and his consort, Queen Mary. At the end of the meeting prayers were offered to grant him such strength of mind and character as to enable him to look to the welfare of India and to keep at heart the well-known message of his revered father Edward VII. and of his grand mother, Victoria the Good, to the people of India.

LUCKNOW.

At a Coronation meeting the Lucknow Muslim Club, with the Raja of Mahmudabad, as president, resolved to start a library called the "George Library." Eight hundred rupees were subscribed of which the Raja donated five hundred.

BROACH.

On the morning of the 21st a meeting was held under the presidentship of the Collector, Mr. Rothfeld at the K. B. R. S. Dalal High School, where after the boys had delivered recitations, sweetmeat was distributed to them. The proceedings terminated with the singing of the National Anthem and three cheers for Their Majesties. In the afternoon a similar ceremony was performed in the Loka Hituchhu Sabha Anglo-Vernacular School, at which the Honorable Sardar Rao Bahadur Motilal presided.

On the morning of the 22nd the Collector Mr. Rothfeld presided at the meeting of the Petit Parsi Girls' School and the District Judge Mr. Tayabji at a meeting in the Narbada Anglo-Vernacular School where after recitations the singing of the National Anthem and three cheers to Their Majesties, sweetmeat was given to the children. In each of the 12 Municipal primary schools, a Municipal Councillor performed similar functions.

In pursuance of the resolution passed at a meeting of the Managers of the Hindu temples held at the Honorable Sardar Rao Bahadur Motilal's house special darshans and ceremonies in commemoration of the auspicious occasion were held from 4 to 5 p.m. and thousands of people attended them. The Parsi Community had arranged prayers in their religious temple. The Hon'ble Sardar Motilal was "At Home" at the Broach Cosmopolitan Social Club, of which he is President. At 9-30 p.m. there was a torch light parade of the District Police force after which the District Saperintendent of Police, Mr. Marstan, entertained the guests. All the temples, schools and the Social Club were decorated with buntings etc. The Arya Samaj and the Anath-Ashram (Asylum for orphans) also had held special prayers.

AHMEDABAD.

The Telegraphic Staff on the initiative of Mr. G. A. Le Styne, the Vice-President of the Telegraph Recreation Club and Mr. F. S. Kekobad, the Honorary Secretary, held a large gathering in order to commemorate the Coronation. The office compound and its premises were adorned with flags, flowers and foliage; sports were held for the children, and all children were given Coronation toys, medals, and sweets. Mr. Elrington, the popular Telegraph Superintendent and President of the Telegraph Recreation Club, with Mrs. Elrington honoured the occasion with their presence, and Mrs. Elrington distributed the prizes. The office building was splendidly illuminated and over a hundred paupers were fed.

JAMBUGHODA.

The Coronation was duly celebrated at Jambughoda in the Rewa Kantha Agency, a meeting was held at the house of Mr. Sorabji Dadabhai (Langdana) Jambughodawala, and the school, where a tea-party, was given to the children, were adorned with flags. A police parade was held at the Parade ground where a "feu-de-joie" was fired and three cheers were given for His Majesty. Police sports were afterwards held. The town school children were given a meal by the Thakorsaheb and the district school boys by Shandar.

PALITANA.

Immediately at day-break, there was fired a Royal salute of 31 guns followed by a parade of State troops. Prayers were offered in the places of worship of the various communities, Hindus, Mahomedans, Jains, Khojas, Bohras, etc. The Minor Thakor Saheb attended prayers, in the Bheedbhanjan temple the spacious precincts of which were filled to overflowing. Everywhere long life and prosperity to Their Majesties the King-Emperor and the Queen-Empress were wished. The children of Palitana and districts were fed. In the afternoon, there were sports by mounted and foot police. At night there were illuminations in Shri Bhairavnathji and Man Mandir temples. The Administrator Saheb entertained officers and other guests at a performance at the Hawa Mehel.

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin, writes Lady Constance Howard, Countess of Westmeath says: "It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial luxury for the Toilet Bath, and Nursery and leaves the skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition, delicately perfumed. Chemists Grocers, etc., sell it

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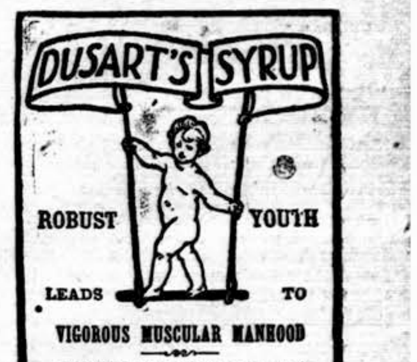

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BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!!!

DUSART, 8, rue Vivienne, Paris.

The Spanish Inquisition

is famous in history for its terrible tortures. But no inquisitor ever invented methods for producing more fearful agony than is borne to-day by the victims of Sciatica. Mr. M. W. Knowles, Tregant St., Bath, Eng., says: "Five years ago I was prostrated with Sciatica. From my right thigh to the bottom of my foot darted excruciating pains. I suffered day and night. The pain would wake me in the night, and then there was no more sleep for me. I tried every medicine I knew, but nothing seemed to help me. I procured a bottle of Little's Oriental Balm and the effect of that first bottle was wonderful. It seemed beyond belief. I have now used two bottles and have not a single pain. I believe I am entirely cured."

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BY THE WAY.

KING OF GREAT BRITAIN AND BERWICK-ON-TWEED.

At the last meeting of Berwick Board of Guardians resolution of loyalty and congratulation to King eorge and Queen Mary on the occasion of their oronation was approved. Mr. J. R. Wood objected to the heading. It should have read King of the nited Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and erwick-on-Tweed. Berwick was mentioned in all cuments, and if it was omitted now, and they did t look after it, Berwick would be left out for ever. was agreed to amend the resolution accordingly.

CORONATION SEATS.

An interesting article appears in a recent issue of e "Justice of the Peace" on "Obstructing the view Processions." The article is opportune in view of e extensive erection of seats for the Coronation, it shows that such erected by public bodies must interfere with the view of house-holders in the inity. Our contemporary cites the case of mpbell v. the Paddington Borough Council. The ncil at the time of King Edward's funeral erected tand at the end of a short but very wide street ere was no obstruction worth speaking of. e plaintiff had a house some little distance n the street, but the highway in front was not peded. Owing to the stand the view from the intiff's house was obstructed. She had let her ndows on good terms, but after the erection of the nd the renters desired to be released from ir agreements. This the lady did; and it was y the upper windows that were occupied on the y of the funeral. A County Court action followed, sulting in plaintiff obtaining £90 damages. This dgment was upheld on appeal.

LISZT AND RUBINI.

An article in an Italian review contains an interesting story of Liszt and Rubini the tenor. They touring together, and visited a town where m the preliminaries which had been arranged, eat things were expected. But they were disappinted, for when they entered the hall they found ly fifty persons present. Rubini was furious, and id he would not sing, but Liszt calmed him. "You ust sing," he said; "this small audience is evidently composed of musical connoisseurs of the wn, so we should treat them with respect." Liszt t the example with a grand overture, and Rubini ng to perfection. Liszt gave another piece, and en addressed the audience.

WHAT THE PIANIST SAID.

Liszt as an orator was as tactful as he had been the role of pacificator. Addressing his audience f fifty, he said: "Ladies and gentleman" (there as only one lady present). "I think that you ve had enough music. Allow me to ask you to ke a little supper with us." After a few seconds, e invitation was accepted, and Liszt and Rubini tertained the audience to supper at their hotel, hich cost them twelve hundred francs. When the ests separated, the hosts thought the affair had en a joke, about which nothing more would be ard, but they decided to give their concert as vertised on the following night. To their astonishment the hall was packed. There was not nding room. The whole town had turned out, the off chance of an invitation to supper.

"LES REPONSES FEROCES."

ryone heard of Abernethy's encounter with grocer, a hospital trustee, but under the heading ven above a Paris contemporary relates an anecote of Gozlan, the friend of Balzac which as far as rutality goes, leaves very little to be desired, and mpares very favourably with the story of the nglish doctor. Gozlan called upon Paten, the Hellenist perpetual secretary of the Academy, who at he time was practically moribund, and not too miable. "Immortal and perpetual secretary that e was," Paten did not feel too assured as to his ife, and received his visitor somewhat curtly: "I uppose you have come to seek my vote for election. have not read any of your books." Gozlan was nettled, and scrutinising the emaciated-scholar, replied: "No, monsieur, it is not your vote that I have come to ask for, but your place."

TRIUMPH OF THE HORSE.

It is a curious thing that all the dismal prophecies about the extinction of the horse after the introduction of motor traction and the invention of the aeroplane have been not only falsified, but that the horse as the noblest friend of man, has attained a new position of favour. The truth is (says the "Graphic") that the after the first wild enthusiasm for mechanical traction, people have realised that for pleasure as well as for many kinds of work the horse is still the greatest servant of man. The Army is not yet mounted on flying machines and needs more horses than are easily obtained The old Shire horses are still supreme in the fields, and the first attempts to supersede them by heavy traction engines have failed ignominously. Racing is still the port of kings, and the gentlemen of England have ot abandoned hunting for aerial acrobatics.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.

Boston, like New York, is reasonably sure of ving a safe and sane Fourth of July celebration ain this year. The "Advertiser" says that the great start that was made last year in substituting games, band concerts, parades, and evening fireworks displays for the old "blood and thunder" form of celebration is not to be lost, but if possible is to be improved upon The management will be n the hands of a joint committee representing the City Council and the local improvement associations. Mayor Fitzgerald has set aside dols. 10,000 of he fund for public celebrations to pay expenses,

"BILLY-COCK" AND "BOWLER."

The "Gentlewoman" informs us that the familiar billy-cock" of modern parlance derives its name om its first wearer, William Coke, afterwards arl of Leicester—and it was made by one Bowler.

THE BIRKBECK BANK.

The Birkbeck Bank formed no part of the original cheme of Dr. George Birkbeck, the philanthropic ounder of Mechanics' Institutes. His idea was to plift the mechanics or artisans of his time by means f books, classes, lectures, and intelligent recreation. Mechanics' Institutes spread not only in Great Britain, but also in the oversea dominions, but the people who availed themselves of these advantages were generally of a higher social scale. This anomaly led to a change of title, although in Australian up-country towns, the "Mechanics' Institute" still flourishes, and with its hall, library, and reading-room constitutes the chief social centre of the place,

THE LOST AVIATOR.

Lieutenant Bague, of whose fate there seems no longer to be any doubt, was the son of merchants of Saint-Denis, and was educated at the Lycee Louis-le-Grand, and at Saint-Cyr. His ambition was to obtain a commission in the Colonial Army, but he failed to do so, and was attached to the 156th regiment of the line, stationed at Toul. When the first Moroccan war broke out, however, he was transferred to the Algerian tirailleurs, and was in garrison at Bizerta and Constantine. His offer of his services as a military aviator was declined, so he became a civil aviator instead, and announced his intention of devoting the whole of his fortune to the fascinating science.

WHERE ASPARAGUS GROWS WILD.

Despite the prolonged drought this seems to have been a great year for asparagus, which has been selling for a penny the big bundle on the costermongers' barrows in the street-markets of London. It was not introduced into Britain by the Romans, who applied the term asparages to tender shoots which, according to Juvenal, grew on mountains (montani asparagi). The plant is certainly native with us, and occurs sparsely on the eastern and southern coasts of England, at Anglesey and Pembroke in Wales, and around Wexford and Waterford in Ireland. It is no longer found on Asparagus Island, near the Lizard, as all text-books of English botany assert, but still grows profusely on some neighbouring cliffs of Kynance Cove.

DAILY LIFE OF THE MIKADO.

Some particulars are given by a writer in the "Woman's Magazine" as to the daily life of the Emperor of Japan. He is described as a plain, hardworking Monarch. Immediately after the morning toilet he calls for all the leading newspapers of Tokio, and not a few of those of other cities. Someone has said that the Mikado's keen sense for news would surprise the editor of a great daily. Precisely at eight he sits down to his breakfast of a few pieces of buttered toast and a cup of coffee. At the morning meal, as a usual thing, no rice or any native dish is served. At ten o'clock he is at the large table in his study, which is heaped with documents of all sorts, and these he goes carefully through. In company with the Empress, he lunches at noon. At two in the afternoon, he is back at his library-table, and often works far into the evening.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

EVENING DRESS.

English people who pay flying visits to Paris, says a Paris correspondent writing in mail week, often say that they never need evening dresses during their visit unless they go to the Opera or to a very ceremonious dinner party; and they go away with the idea that it is the same with women who live in Paris altogether. The idea is quite a wrong one when applied to women who are really caught into the whirl of society; but it is a right one when it signifies those women who are not, as it is not the custom to wear decollete dresses at the theatre in the ordinary way, and only of late has it been the rule to go without hats. Neither is it the rule to wear decollete dresses for small dinner parties, and an Englishwoman told me that once when she appeared at a dinner party of this kind in a low gown she was accused of having come dressed for a ball. At concerts also Frenchwomen do not dress much unless they are going on to something more ceremonious afterwards, and for a restaurant dinner they generally wear a high, transparent guimpe with a very smart dress. But in the inner circle of society, people do just the same as they do in London, when they dine among their own set, and it is there one sees the Frenchwoman at her very best.

AT A RECEPTION.

At a reception the other evening, there were some of the most equisite dresses it is possible to imagine, and they were worn as only Frenchwomen could wear them. The prevailing colours were rose pink and pearly white; satin and brocade were the favourite materials, and the writer did not see one short dress in the rooms. The jewels were simply wonderful, and certainly the pearls were matchless. One dress was in silver brocade, made with a short train, princess fashion, the waistline being quite in the normal place, and one shoulder was draped with a most lovely piece of Venice point. Another was in rose-coloured charmeuse, embroidered in gold on the corsage and round the foot of the skirt; the train formed two points and the jewels were pearls—a rope of them. A string of pearls was threaded through the coils of the hair, and some lovely old lace fell over the corsage from the decollete to soften the pink and gold of the dress. All the creamy satin gowns had draped corsages and fuller skirts, and there was not one dress which looked anything but dignified and graceful. Many women were wearing diamond coronets—in fact, all the coiffures were jewelled, the only other ornaments being aigrettes. A very general fashion was that of wearing a film of tulle over the shoulders, white or pink or blue, or whatever shade the dress demanded. It is a charming fashion, as it so often falls into folds which suggest butterfly wings, and it lightens the effect of a handsome brocade very charmingly.

AT A THEATRE.

For a "first night" at one of the boulevard theatres or at the Comedie Française, every one is in full toilette, but on ordinary nights people wear what they will, and the other evening there was a very quiet house for "La Vie Parisienne," which is one of the successes of the season. The actual place in which one sat did not seem to make much difference, for in the stalls one saw women in decollete dresses beside others in afternoon gowns, men in evening dress and others in flannel suits; in the second balcony the same incongruities were noticeable, only no one wore hats in either place. In the upper circle there were some women in full evening dress also, and others were in tailor-mades, and even in the topmost gallery the writer noticed one woman in a low gown and a coiffure fit for the stalls. The effect is not a good one, and that English people are always disappointed with the audience at a French theatre is quite natural. On the other hand, if one happens upon a "first night" or a "repetitions generale," the dresses are quite wonderful, as not only does one see the society woman, but also the demi-mondaine, and there is a perfect orgy of luxury. At the repetition of "Saint Sebastien," Mlle. Sorel, of the Comedie Française, was wearing a cloak of tiger skins, and another actress looked like an Eastern princess. The coiffures altogether were magnificent and strange, although, as always, the socienty woman might be known at once by her restraint in this respect, whereas the actress and the demi-mondaine allowed themselves greater licence, and followed the latest fashion rather than the style which was most becoming to their particular persons.

RESTAURANT DRESS.

It is at the smart hotels and restaurants that one sees the most extravagant dresses, however, as it is there that Americans for-gather, and the American women spend more money on clothes than any woman of any other nation, I suppose. At the Ritz, at the many hotels near the Etoile, and, in summer, at the Pre Catalan, the Madrid, and the Armononville, the rooms are literally dazzling with brilliant jewels, beautiful embroideries, and shining silks. Only the other evening at the Ritz, the writer saw some absolutely astounding dresses, so beautifully made, and so suggestive of money (or the Arabian Nights I hardly know which) that my mind was bewildered. The prevalence of silver and gold brocades and rich embroideries, the lavish use of lace, and the magnificence of the jewels, all tended to make the effect as a whole extraordinarily gorgeous, and when one remembers that last year mousselines, beads, no draperies, and a general skimpiness were the chief notes of a fashionable woman's evening toilette, the picture we get this season is all the more dazzling. One woman was wearing a silver brocade with a Renaissance design in gold threads, and one shoulder was draped with priceless cream laces. Her neck blazed with diamonds, and a great diamond star with a riviere of the same stones running through the coils of her hair formed her coiffure. She wore no gloves, after the present up-to-date fashion, and her fingers had too many lovely rings, and the slippers were in the ssme material as the dress.

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SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

NEW THEORY OF BIRD MIGRATION.

In a recent lecture at the Royal Institution, Mr. W. P. Pycraft has brought forward a new theory of the origin of migration. There are, he points out, in the first place, a number of species in which migration is not possible. These are those birds which have become adapted to a particular food supply only ocurring in a limited area. Such birds obviously cannot overstep the bounds of their food supply. As examples of such species the toucan, hornbills and birds of paradise are cited.

A MATTER OF OVERCROWDING.

On the other hand, birds which feed on worms, molluscs, and insects, may gradually extend their range Migration with them, in the first instance is a sort of overflow phenomenon. Thus the younger birds are driven further north year by year as the suitable nesting areas are seized upon and defended by the others. Finally, they are forced into those northern regions which the cold renders uninhabitable in winter. Thus, after the breeding season they are driven south in search of food and warmth. At the return of the breeding season the competition for food, combined with the desire to return to their nesting-places of last year, will carry them north again. Again the winter overcrowding of the original area of the species will drive some further south. These also would go north in spring to their old breeding sites, and so acquire the habit of migration.

YOUNG BIRDS GO FARTHEST NORTH.

Thus, according to Mr. Pycraft, it is not the breeding instinct, nor the search for food, nor, as some have suggested, the desire of longer daylight, that drives the birds north in spring. It is the press of numbers; they are, so to to speak, squeezed out, and the migration becomes a habit. The birds which go farthest north in spring are thus, according to Mr. Pycraft, the youngest generations. And on the return journey these are the first to start. It has been often said that those birds which go farthest north to breed are those which go furthest south to winter. But Mr. Pycraft contends that this is only true of species and not of individuals.

HOW THE THEORY FAILS.

As a complete explanation of migration the above theory seems to fail in not explaining why the squeezing-out process has not produced migration on north and south lines among our resident birds, such as larks, thrushes, starlings, &c. Nor does it seem to explain those great east and west migratory movements of these and other species. No wholly satisfactory explanation of the origin of migration has, in fact, been yet brought forward and the complete solution may require a combination of existing theories, in which Mr. Pycraft's interesting suggestions may take their place.

CUCKOO IN GOLD-CREST'S NEST.

A correspondent of the "Field" gives the probably unique record of the occurrence of a cuckoo in the nest of the tiny gold-crested wren. In Newton's list of 78 species of birds in whose nests cuckoo's eggs have been found, the gold-crest does not occur. That it was an error on the part of cuckoo is obvious from the fact the writer has had to wire the nest to the branch to prevent the weight of the young bird bringing it to the ground. In its usual manner the young cuckoo seems to have turned out the young gold-crests, which were found lying on the ground. It will be interesting to learn if the diminutive gold-crests are able to supply the voracious young cuckoo with suficient food. The above writer incidentally suggests that the cuckoo sometimes carries its eggs in its crop instead of in its beak. He has observed one apparently searching for a suitable nest with no egg in its beak, but with a suspicious oval bulge in its crop.

A REMARKABLE INSECT.

In the "Scientific American," Dr. Howard, Chief of the Entomological Department of Agriculture, gives an account of that remarkable insect, the seventeen year locust, or periodical cicada. There are two species, one of these appearing in given localities, of the Northern States, every 17 years, and the other every 13 years in the Southern States. At the appointed times, these locusts come out of the ground in great, sometimes incredible, numbers. They have passed 17 or 13 years of larval life in the ground. For a few weeks they live as perfect insects above it, piercing the air with their shrill cries. In certain localities a visitation may occur ofterner than once in 17 years. Thus they appeared in Maryland, New Jersey, and other parts in 1902, and it is known they will appear again this year. But this year's brood are not from the eggs laid in 1902, but from those laid in 1894. The grubs hatched in 1902, will not emerge as perfect insects till 1919.

OCCURRENCE MAY BE PREDICTED.

The great business of the female cicada is to deposit its eggs. These are placed with the aid of a strong ovipositor in the tender twigs of many different species of tree. The eggs are hatched in late July, the perfect insect having appeared in early June. The larvae are active, four-legged creatures, and dropping to the ground from the trees, they burrow in the ground. There they pass 13 or 17 years, according to species, living on organic matter in the soil, and apparently not injuring the roots of plants. As pupae they are still active, and come to the surface, sometimes building little cones or chimneys of soil. They scramble up on to trees, bushes, and fences, beginning at sundown. By nine or ten they have all taken their places, and then in about an hour the skin bursts and the perfect insect emerges. At this stage they take practically no food, and the only damage they do is to the twigs in which they lay their eggs. Records which have been kept of the different broods indicate that visitations of the locust will occur in 1912, 1913, 1914, &c., in different parts.

THE JOY OF QUEST.

The search for the elements of the warp and woof of nature is surrounded by difficulties of so complex a character that even to minds of the finest fibre there comes at times the sense of despair. For instance, at the age of seventy-two, we find a veteran like Lord Kelvin writing: "I now abandon everything I have ever thought of or written in respect to the constitution of aether." And one might say that almost all his life was punctuated by fits of "aether dipsomania," as he sportively termed the ecstatic periods of his inspirations. That "there is a pleasure in poetic pains, which only poets know" may be easily paralleled in other spheres of intellectual effort. As Mr. Balfour has said, the "attempt to unify physical nature excites feelings of the most acute intellectual gratification. The satisfaction it gives is almost in its intensity and quality. We feel the same sort of pleasurable shock as when from the crest of some melancholy pass we first see far below us the sudden glories of plain, river, and mountain." It has been said that to astronomers it is a matter of complete indifference whether or not an aether exists. This is a hard saying, and to many it seems that the astronomer cannot afford to ignore the physical theories of the day. These bring us back to fundamental problems—the measurements of time, space and force. To present the laws of disturbance of the aether in their simplest form, it is necessary to reconsider the principles on which those measurements are founded. A change of standards will lead to a change in the equations from which Newton's laws are derived. And if once the change be conceded there is no question as to the conclusion that must be drawn—that Newton's laws are only approximately true. The importance of this to astronomical thought is obvious. Must the law of Gravitation be amended or discarded? Professor Whittaker, some years ago, suggested an undulatory theory of gravity, in which gravity would be propagated with a finite velocity—not necessarly the same as that of light, but possibly enormously greater. What effect will recent application of the law of relativity have upon current views! Shall we ever reach a stage at which by general consensus certain representations will be accepted as "true," and exempt from displacement by others of a more comprehensive character? To these questions no answer can be attempted. We live in stirring times. Boltzman expressed his regret that most of us will have passed away before a decision is reached. "Oh, arrogant mortal! Thy destiny is to exult in the contemplation of the surging conflict." For those are watching that conflict with intelligent interest such a guide as Professor Whittaker is indispensable.

HIGH COURT.—JUNE 26.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell.)

For Decree Absolute.

725-10 Captain and V. Arthur William Collins Scott vs. Florence Lillian Scott and another.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

275-06 Malvi H M and R, Bansidhar Badridas vs Messrs Sewaram Khusalchand, Tyabji D and Co.
1149-10 Ardeshir H D and Co, Runchordas Callianjee and others vs Mathuradas Gordhandas and others, Captain and V, Little and Co.
253-11 Payne and Co, Arab Mahomed bin Hasan Jesti vs Gulabchand Hazarilal and another Jamshedji R P and Co, Daphtary F and D.
442-10 Payne and Co, Abdul Hoosein Russulbhai vs Charanji Lall Natholi Mull, Malvi H M and R
642-07 Tyabji D and Co, R D Sethna vs Lala Jeydayal and others.
406-10 N B Vakil, Sakoobai widow vs Warubai and others, Smetham B and Co.
909-08 Smetham B and Co, Janabai widow vs Sakuba widow and another, Nadirsha and D Dikshit D and S
71-10 Mulla and M, Ratanji Jamshedji Tata vs Jacinto Jas Baretto and others.
781-09 Payne and Co, Jehangir Ardesir Moos and another vs Vijayalal and Co, Motichand and D.
266-10 Mirza M and M, Kalidas Narayendas and Bros vs Kedarnath Budrinath and another Shroff D and D.
586-10 Judah and S, Tar Mahomed Haji Adamji vs The Bombay Persia Steam Navigation Co, Crawford B and Co
645-09 Madhowji K and C, Kaikushru Framjee Marker vs Bachubai widow and others, Pestonji R K and Co.
656-10 Thakurdas and Co, Messrs F Fischer and Co vs Charles Andrea Cortese, Payne and Co.
650-05 Wadia G and Co Sir E E O D Sassoon vs The Secretary of State for India in Council E F Nicholson
469-10 Shamrao M and H Gianchand Meghandas vs Vatanmal Assomal and others Raghawaya R and N
631-10 Mirza M and M Mahomed Ebrahim bin Kamroodin Makri and another vs Sahabadin bin Haji Sharfuddin Ghattay Captain and V, For postponement.
518-08 Chitnis M and K Purshotam Hari vs Jamnadas Lalji and others Bicknell M and R
682-09 Mahtubhai J and M R D Sethna and others vs Mahomedbhai Nensey Khairaj and others Payne and Co
55-10 Wadia G and Co Dayabai Moolanchand vs Kalidas Navalchand and others Matubhai J and M Shamrao M and H Inperson.
414-10 Captain and V Mahomed Hussein Tharia Topan vs Sorabji Edulji Vacha and another Payne and Co
741-08 Payne and Co Ramlal Poonamchand vs Bruel and Co Crawford B and Co
799-09 In person Kunjbehari Rawinarayen and others vs Ramkoomar Amarchand Bhai Shanker K and G
438-10 Tyabji D and Co. Shamrao Maroba and another vs Shivshankar Maroba and others Mirza M aud M, D J Mandri.
740-05 Jehangir M and S Karvidan Chottumal and others vs Dhunbai widow and others Nadirsha and D.
897-08—Mulji and K Macherla Ramanna and others vs Carmoory Venkette Lakhshmi Narsinham and others Raghvaya B and N.
254-09—Dastur and Co. Narotamdas Premji vs Purshotam Soonderji Madhowji K & C.
375-10—Payne and Co. the Bombay Cotton Mills Co Ld. vs Messrs. Vallubhdas Khimji and Co, Tyabji D and Co.

(Before the Honourable Mr. Justice Davar.)

For Consent-Decree.

160-10—Khunderao L and M Maria Catharina Misquitta vs. Dominic Pascoal Luis and others Smetham B and Co Khunderao L and M.
877-10—Khunderao L and M Angelina widow vs Dominic Pascoal Louis and others Smetham B and Co.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

946-09—Payne and Co Canji Gulabchand and Co vs Prote Shivnarayen Sadasukhdas and others Edgelow, G W and Co.
435-09 Tyabji D and Co Deepchand Balchand and another vs Gangabisson Girdharilal Motichand and D Part heard.
621-09 Nanu H and Co Meghji Haridas and Co vs The Shri Buldeo Mills and another Muella and M Tyabji D and Co Part heard
257-10—Craigie B and C The Bombay Dyeing Mills Co vs Haridas Goverdhandas Madhowji K and C

Commercial Causes.

108-11—Ardeshir H D and Co Goculdas Khimjee vs Kalliandas Eechardas and another Mirza M and M.
137-11—Madhowji K and C Kersondas Ranchordas vs The Airaj Balloo Spg and Wg Co Edgelow G W and Co.

Long Causes.

382-07—MB Chothia, Aboo Mahomed Poonjani vs Haji Moosa Abba and others, Khanderao, L and M
178-09—Thakurdas and Co Miya Mahomed Haji Jam Mahomed Chotani vs Bomanji Rustomji and others, Mulla and M.
839-09—Payne and Co, Sadasukh Hanmantram vs Aidan Peerdhan, Captain and V.
840-09—Payne and Co, Sadasukh Hanmatram vs Ajiaram Peerdhan Captain and V.
129-10—Jehangir and S Dhunbhai Coverji Daruwala and others Jehangir and S Nadirsha and D
48-10—S A Tyabji, Jugonath Shivram Jadhev vs Gangabai and another, Raghavayya, B and N
150-10—Captain and V Morarji Mowji vs Ramji Poonja and another, Tyabji D and Co.
416-05—Payne and Co, Esmail Joosub vs the Secretary of State for India in Council. E F Nicholson.
236-08—Daphtary F and D Jiwandas Haridas and another vs Kaliandas Vithaldas and another Edgelow G W and Co Mirza M and M
998-07—Tyabji D and Co Rai Bahadur Shrikisonds Narondas vs Ingatnarayen Ramlal, Ardeshir, H D and Co
955-09—Edgelow, G W and Co Pranjiwandas Odhowji vs Vishwanath Prabhuram Vaidya. Bhaishankar, K and G
68-10—T A Gandhi, Mohanlal Jagjiwandas vs Bhagwatlal Goculdas Gujwala, Shamrao M and H
130-10—Daphtary F and D Ardeshir Burjorji Godrej vs Nusserwanji R Mistry Little and Co.
397-03 J R Patell and Co Cawasji Jehangir Mody vs Vithaldas Soonderdas Captain and V for postponement.
940-10 Bicknell M and R Gopinath Premsukhdas and others vs Zoomarlal Ramchand.
899-05 Shroff D and D The Advocate General of Bombay and others vs Rambai widow and others Shamrao M and H.
871-08 J R Patell and Co Dhondi Bhicaji vs Abdul Karim Hussonally and others Thakurdas and Co.
473-09 Smetham B and Co Chaturbhuj Ramkisson vs Shri Ram Meoto and Co and others Bicknell M and R Motichand and D Subnis and G
375-10—Bhaishankar K G Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal vs Tricumdas Mills Co Ld in liquidation Payn and Co.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR P. R. CADELL.

Bombay, 25th June.

495. Musketry.—The Miniature Range at Carnac Road, will be open for matches 7, 8, and 9 on Wednesday, 28th instant, from 2 to 7 p. m.

496. Parade.—"G" Company will parade every Wednesday, at 7-30 a. m. at the Bombay Gymkhana until further orders. Dress—Mufti Rifles will be issued on parade.

497. Musketry.—The Corps Ranges at Ghat Kopar are allotted to the Rifle Club for matches 4, 7, 8 & 9 on Wednesday, 28th instant, by train leaving V. T. at 6 a. m.

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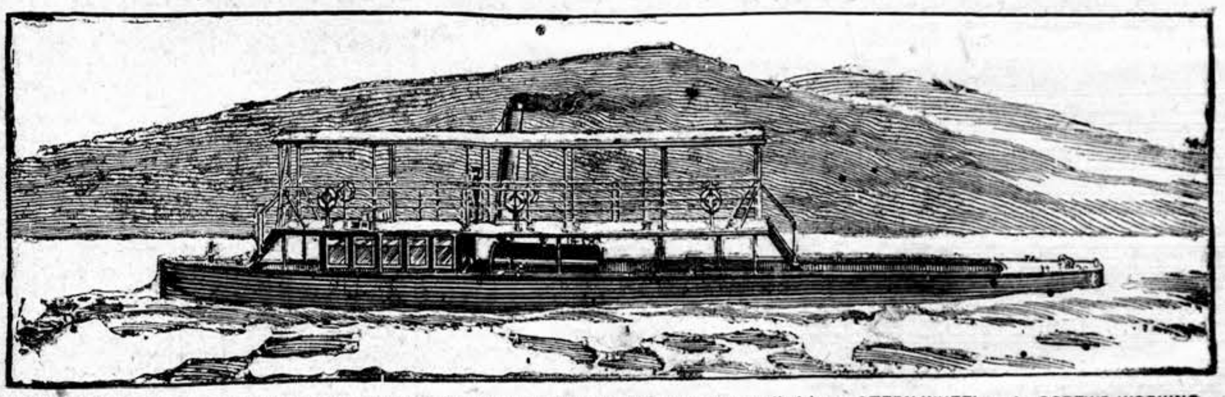

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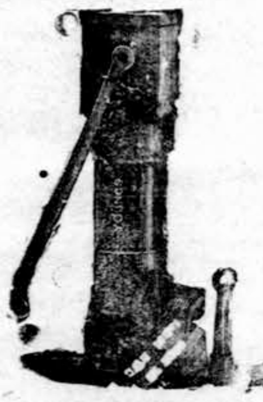

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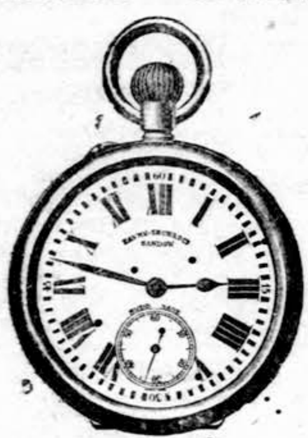

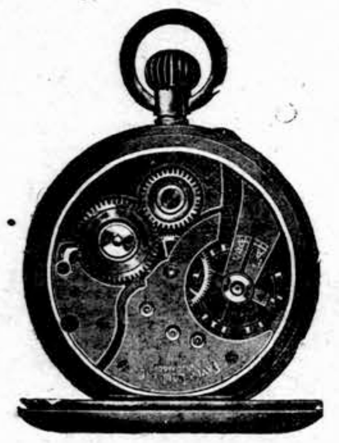

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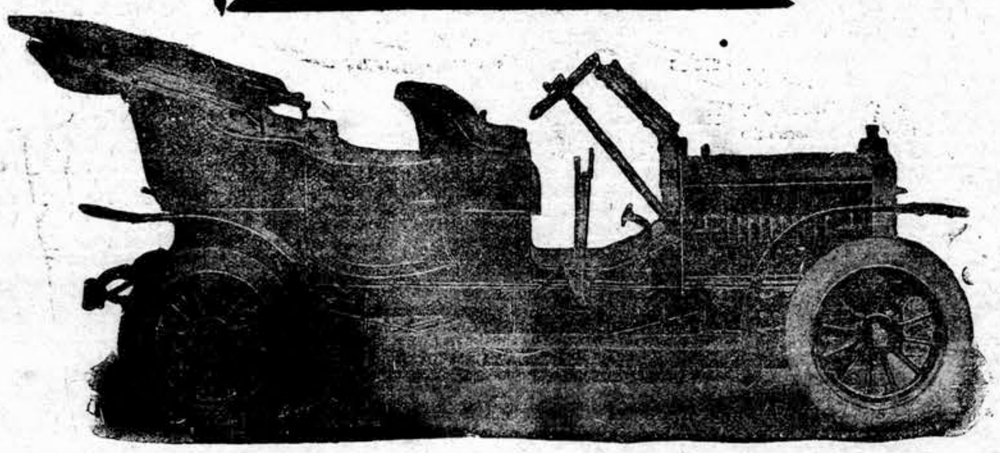

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I tried good many European and native Doctors but to no effect. I have full confidence in your vegetable drugs and shal be most happy to recommend to my friends.

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Acts like a charm in
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Chlorodyne *is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.*

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